THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD.

VOL. XXIV. NO. 24 | PORTSMOUTH, N. H., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1908 | The Portsmouth Daily Republican merged with The Herald, July 1, 1907. | PRICE 2 CENTS

REPUBLICAN RALLY AT MUSIC HALL

Senator Gallinger And Col. Rufus N. Elwell Speakers

There was a large and enthusiastic audience at Music Hall on Monday evening, the occasion being the first republican rally. Mayor Wallace Hackett most ably presided and the speakers were Col. Rufus N. Elwell of Exeter and Senator Jacob H. Gallinger of Concord.

Previous to the rally at the hall the Portsmouth City Band gave a short concert in front of the city hall, and then marched to the Rockingham hotel, where the speakers and prominent republicans were met and escorted through State, Pleasant, Congress and Chestnut streets to the hall. On the stage were fifty or more prominent republicans of the city from the various wards.

Mayor Hackett opened the meeting and stated that he would have to introduce himself as the chairman of the republican city committee was ill and unable to be present. He said that he would not attempt to make any lengthy opening address for there were men waiting to speak who had made a study of the situation.

He briefly outlined the general campaign stating that there were three things to every campaign that was discussed, platform, personalities and party record and in all three issues the republican presented the best side, the platform was the best the personality of the candidates was the best and the past record one that every republican was proud of for it had saved the nation at all critical times in its history.

He first introduced Prof. Maxham, who sang one of his famous campaign songs. Mayor Hackett then in a few words introduced Col. Rufus N. Elwell of Exeter, as a man who had made a study of the state situation and a man fitting to represent Col. Quimby, who was unable to be present.

Col. Elwell said it was always a pleasure for him to come to this city by the sea for while he had held the position of Collector of Port he had learned to like the city, and if Senator Gallinger was not present would say that he wished he was located here instead of at Concord, where he has his business at present. He said that in all campaigns the national issues enter into the state politics and that in a time of a presidential election that the national issues were more important than the state issues, but he would not attempt to speak on national issues, but leave that to Senator Gallinger. He would, however, recall a few of the disastrous results in this state through the turning over of the reins of the government to the Democrat party. Then business failed mills were closed and labor was unemployed, and the big panic of 1893 was attributed by the democrats to the general run of panic that come around so often. To show the difference between a panic, when the democrats were in power and when the republicans were in power he would refer the people to the saving bank records for the period of 1893 and the last business depression or panic under the republican rule, this past year.

During the first panic over six thousand saving bank depositors with-

(Continued on Sixth Page)

SWEATERS!

STYLISH AND COMFORTABLE.

Sweaters that Women and Misses will want because they are made of soft---warm---thick yarn, and because they are stylish and of the desirable colors, and furthermore, because each is a good money-value.

These are Sweater days---not cold enough to wear a heavy coat. A Sweater keeps out the chill and is becoming and stylish.

We would like to have you see ours---we know they are as good as Sweaters can be.

Sweaters here for Women, Misses and Children---the sort they want. The prices you couldn't imagine lower than they are here.

SWEATERS.

Children's Sweaters, fancy colors, pearl buttons 50c
Children's Sweaters, Coat style, plain white, gray or red 75c
Children's Sweaters, Coat or Norfolk style, blue, red and gray $1.00
Misses' Sweaters, Coat style, plain gray, heavy weave $1.50
Ladies' Sweaters, heavy weave, Coat style, gray or white $2.25
Ladies' Sweeters, gray or white, good quality $3.50
Fine Sweaters, fancy weave, white only $3.98
Fitted Sweaters, gray or white, extra heavy $4.50
Harvard Sweaters, gray or white, heavy weave and long $5.00

KIMONAS AND WRAPPERS.

Teazle Down Kimonas, fancy figured, all colors ..... $1.98 to $3.98
Bath Robes, best grade Eiderdown, blue, red and gray ..... $3.98, $5.00 and $5.50
Blanket Wrappers, pretty figured patterns $3.98
Short Flannelette Kimonas, fancy figured 62c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50
Eiderdown Sacques, blue, red or gray ..... $1.00 and $1.75
Flannelette Wrappers, "Domestic" make ..... $1.25 and $1.50
"Domestic" and "Bostonia" Print Wrappers ..... $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50

PETTICOATS.

Black Sateen Petticoats, full ruffled ..... $1.00, $1.50, $1.75 to $3.50
Silk Petticoats, extra good quality, at ..... $5.00, $5.50 to $10.00
Heatherbloom Petticoats, black and white stripe, brown or gray ..... $1.50 and $1.98
Moreen Petticoats, extra fine quality ..... $2.25 and $3.50
Imitation Moreen Petticoats ..... $1.00 and $1.25

LADIES' HOME JOURNAL PATTERNS.

Geo. B. French Co

FIGHTING FOREST FIRES IN NEW HAMPSHIRE

The Good Work Done in Portsmouth and Several Other Places

The fire on the Hayes and Hett farms in this city, which was exclusively reported in yesterday's Herald, is reported as under control today.

It has burned over a large tract of timberland and is now smiling in a peat bog along the line of the two farms. It will burn steadily in that peat for weeks or months with a crust on top of the hot coals, much the way that a pile of soft Pennsylvania soft coal will work.

Mr. C. Hiram Hayes states that thirty years ago the fire got into that peat bog and burned till heavy, drenching rains came and soaked the ground thoroughly where the spongy coal-like soil had been rendered inflammable by a drought. The peat was several feet in depth and was a fertile soil, but the under stratum was gravel which will never support any good vegetation. That is what is being repeated in this fire and it means not only the destruction of the vegetation but the permanent destruction of some acres of good soil.

No other woodland fires are reported near Portsmouth but there are a considerable number raging in New Hampshire and Maine. In fact they are found all over North America, the worst conditions being in Wisconsin, the northern part of the Michigan southern peninsula, and in the western part of the province of Ontario.

The work of fighting the fires in New England, especially in New Hampshire, is reported generally successful, as may be seen by the following dispatches:

Two Fires Near Concord

Concord, N. H., Oct. 20—The brush fire in the Tenney chestnut orchard on Oak hill broke out again yesterday afternoon and a big force of firemen was sent over to take care of matters.

Unless it was boys trying to get rid of the leaves that covered the chestnuts by burning them, how the fire started is a question.

The firemen from the Torrent and Muchido Hose companies of Penacook and a large number of volunteers succeeded last night in extinguishing a brush fire that had been burning for three days in what is known as the Plummer lot in the west part of Boscawen.

Citizens of the district and the members of the Muchido company were fighting the fire, but at noon it reached alarming proportions and a call was sent to the Torrent company. Eighteen men responded and when they left the timber lot late in the afternoon the fire was practically out.

The flames crossed territory owned by Fred James, James Smith, Joseph Jackman and the Rines estate.

Close to City of Rochester

Rochester, N. H., Oct. 20—There was an alarm of fire yesterday afternoon for a forest fire on land of ames Corson, John Jacobs and Samuel Kelley in the Adams corner district, and the fire department responded and extinguished the flames but not until damage to the amount of a number of hundred dollars was done.

Mr. Corson had a handsome piece of growth damaged, the damaged part covering about an acre of land.

The fire laddies went to the scene of the fire in buckboards and worked in a manner that much pleased the owners of the growth. There was not any hydrant near so water could not be used by the firemen.

Burned Heavy Growth at Dunbarton

Dunbarton, N. H., Oct. 20—a fire broke out on the land of Will F. Paige, near Kimball's mills yesterday and burned over a great many acres. Help was summoned from all sections of the town.

Nearly 200 men were in the field and the fire is believed to be under control.

A large territory was burned over, mostly heavy growth.

Wind Spreads Flames In Allenstown Woods

Suncook, N. H., Oct. 20—The fire in Allenstown was burning fiercely last night and a large force of men from Suncook village and other places was fighting it.

The high wind has carried the fire far beyond the territory in which it was working Sunday.

Over In Salem

Salem, N. H., Oct. 20—About noon Sunday an alarm of fire called the department to a fire which was raging in the woods near the dark entry schoolhouse.

A second alarm called the company from the Centre. After hard fighting the fire was extinguished.

In Cheshire County

Keene, N. H., Oct. 20—The Keene Sentinel reports that an extensive and dangerous forest fire is raging in Stoddard. Telephone accounts state that the fire is on both sides of Long pond and has covered a distance of two miles. It will probably destroy a good many summer cottages and is likely to endanger farm buildings.

Another fire is reported from Washington, just over the line into Sullivan county. It is not certain but both stories come from the same fire which is close to the Washington and Stoddard line.

In Northern White Mountains

Berlin, N. H., Oct. 20—There are now four fires raging round Berlin and almost fifteen hundred acres already burned.

The largest fire, beginning on the east side of Berlin, extends about eleven miles to the summer home of George Blowers in Shelburne.

Another in the rear of the Gates cottage in Shelburne extends to the township of Riley, Maine.

A third, having a frontage of three miles, begins at the Hamlin farm and extends to lot owned by Herbert L. Goss.

A fourth, which has already devastated valuable property, begins on the west side of Berlin and extends to Black Mountain.

Today Berlin, Gorham and Shelburne are almost in darkness, the fire reaching within one hundred feet of the dwellings, necessitating the calling out of the city fire department.

The greatest losses sustained are those of the International Paper Company, George W. Blanchard Company and W. K. Aston.

TUNGSTEN LAMPS

AT REDUCED PRICE

25	watts	20	candle	power	$ .50
40	"	32	"	"	.75
60	"	48	"	"	1.00
100	"	80	"	"	1.25
250	"	200	"	"	2.50

The above prices are for lamps placed in your sockets any where on our circuits and do not include any guarantee on the life of the lamp, beyond being in perfect condition when put up. This price is below cost and subject to return of burned out Tungsten lamps.

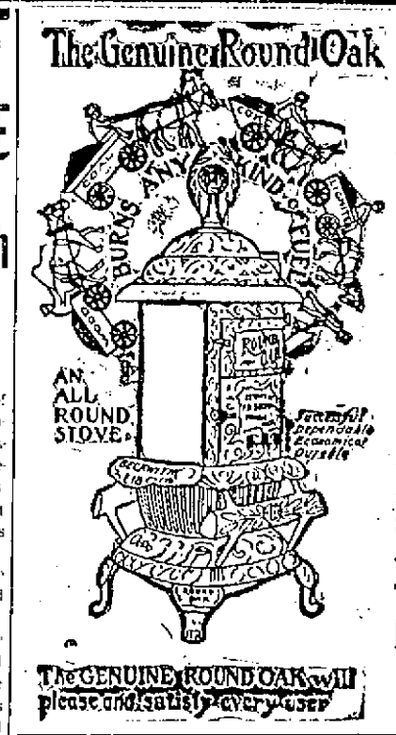
ROCKINGHAM COUNTY LIGHT AND POWER CO.

J. S. WHITAKER, Supt

NOTICE

Whist party and dance given by Ladies Auxiliary, A. O. H., at Rechabite Hall Thursday evening, Oct. 22, at eight o'clock. Tickets twenty-five cents.

The fire on the Hayes and Hett farms is under control.



The Genuine

ROUND OAK

Is absolutely the best heating stove ever made. It has proved it by years and years of the largest and most remarkable sale ever known by any stove of any kind.

It pleases every user; it fulfills every promise; it holds the fire; it heats up; it saves fuel; it lasts; it works as you think a heating stove ought to work, and with any kind of fuel, hard or soft coal, coke or wood.

MARGESON BROS.,
19-21 Vaughan St.,
EXCLUSIVE AGENTS.

BARTLETT'S FALSE STATEMENTS

He Accuses Mr. Hartford Of Making Charges Against Him While Postmaster

J. H. Bartlett to justify his action in preferring charges against me, has issued a statement in which he makes the charge that I preferred charges against him when he was postmaster. Mr. Bartlett knows that his statement is entirely false, if he knows anything. I never have made any charges against him either directly or indirectly, and he knows it perfectly well.

His statements are directed at some one else, and he very ingeniously draws my name into his charges in an effort to blind the public.

His statement that charges had been preferred against him was the first knowledge that I had of any such charges.

What were these charges? Have the people of Portsmouth ever heard of them? I have never made any accusations against any office holder in Portsmouth, neither have I been a party to them. I again state in the most emphatic terms that I never have in any way shape of manner made any charges against J. H. Bartlett, he knows it, and if I had the public would have known it. I regret that Bartlett's action has caused many of our honest and highly respected citizens connected with the government unjust criticism and trouble for his false statements against me. I leave these statements entirely with the local public.

F. W. HARTFORD.

THE SUPERIOR COURT OF ROCKINGHAM COUNTY

Begins October Session At the Courthouse in This City

The October term of superior court of Rockingham county opened in this city today, Judge Robert G. Pike of Dover presiding.

The court came in shortly after ten o'clock when Sheriff M. M. Collis made the proclamation.

The following grand jurors were then impanelled: Joseph W. Smith, then impanelled:

Joseph W. Smith, Chester.
Edmund R. Blake, Danville.
Gilman Stearns, Deerfield.
René F. Blonvenue, Derry.
Sidney A. Gale, East Kingston.
Charles W. Sanborn, Epping, foreman.
Harrison F. Grant, Exeter.
Samuel B. Gibson, Fremont.
Simeon H. Brackett, Greenland (excused).
Charles H. Grover, Hampstead.
Joseph L. Leavitt, Hampton.
Fred P. Sanborn, Hampton Falls.
John R. Molloy, Kensington.
Everett W. Silloway, Kingston.
George W. Kimball, Londonderry.
James W. White, New Castle.
Jesse S. Gray, Newfields.
Stillman H. Packard, Newington.
William F. Chapman, Newmarket.
Joseph E. Whidden, Newton.
Clinton R. Hurd, Charles E. Trafton, Portsmouth.

At 10.30, Rev. George E. Leighton of the Universalist church offered prayer, after which the grand jury filed to the lower probate court room where the large list of criminal cases is being presented by County Attorney Charles H. Batchelder.

The court then took up the docket and the following cases will be heard this week. The first is that of Roy P. Flanders vs. John E. Yeaton on trespass to person. This will be followed by the cases of Chamberlain against the Boston and Maine railroad for negligence; Frank W. Chase vs. Boston and Maine railroad, negligence; William H. Hill vs. Boston and Maine railroad, negligence; Walter H. Evans vs. Rosecrans W. Pillsbury and William S. Pillsbury, injury to employe; Cohen vs. city of Portsmouth; Silas Pelree Co. vs. Exeter Banking Co.; Bernice Caswell vs. Ellsworth Brown, trespass to person.

The grand jury cases are exceedingly large in number and the prisoners are expected to be arraigned on Saturday morning.

This afternoon will be taken up in hearing motions in the several cases and a number of divorce matters that are to be presented for decision.

BARTLETT—THOMPSON

Mr. Mott Leon Bartlett of Claremont and Miss Susie Belle Thompson, of Portsmouth were married on Monday afternoon at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. James A. Gardner, in Concord. The knot was tied by Rev. James A. Gardner, the bride's father-in-law.

After a short wedding trip, they will settle at Claremont where the groom is a railroad freight clerk.

WITH THE THEATRICAL FOLK

Coming Attractions

Oct. 22, 23, and 24, "The Kennedy Players."
Oct. 29, "Gingerbread Man."
Oct. 30, "The Man of the Hour."

"THE RICHEST GIRL"

Will Be Seen at Music Hall This Evening

Those playgoers who appreciate bright comedy, with clever dialogue, laughable climaxes and amusing characters, should not miss seeing Miss Marie Doro in "The Richest Girl" when this winsome and talented little actress star comes to Music Hall tonight.

Those who saw Miss Doro in "Clarice" and as "Carlotta," the Syrian waif and refugee, in "The Morals of Marcus" last season, will be doubly eager to follow her progress in the new vehicle which Charles Frohman has selected for her.

Marie Doro in "The Richest Girl."

Miss Marie Doro, now in her second season as a star under the direction of Charles Frohman, will appear tonight at Music Hall, Portsmouth, in a new comedy by Gavault and Morton, authors of "My Wife." The new play is called "The Richest Girl."

"The Richest Girl" is very oddly constructed in many ways, so that the audience is kept alert constantly to learn what will happen next. The dialogue fairly sparkles, the situations are ingenious and amusing and the two characters, "Benjamine" and "Paul Normand", are cleverly and unconventionally drawn. Mr. Orrin Johnson has been engaged especially for the role of "Paul."

When a newly made star appears in two successive successful plays it is time to take particular notice of that star, whether male or female. In the present case it is Miss Marie Doro who has accomplished this, as "Carlotta" in "The Morals of Marcus" last season and now as "Benjamine Monnier" in "The Richest Girl."

The James Kennedy Company

The splendid troupe headed by James Kennedy will be at Portsmouth Music Hall for three days beginning on Thursday of this week. This is the company of which the Waterville Me. Sentinel said:

The opera house was packed last evening and many were standing up to see "A Broken Wedding Ring, or She Couldn't Marry Three," presented by the James Kennedy company. This was a good comedy drama, the scene being laid in the coast town of Weymouth, England. Miss Dorothy Smith played the leading part in this and her work was up to the high standard of the other members of the work. Mr. Kennedy was very amusing last evening, and while the play was going on he delighted the audience with more of his songs.

This play is a particular favorite of Mr. Kennedy, because his sister, Lillian Kennedy, once starred in it.

The company will close a most successful week this evening.

American Actress in Australia

It is in this capacity for presenting the real and of making us see it, that Miss Anglin is an artist altogether exceptional, and the real includes the natural. Only very, very rarely is anybody so natural upon the stage. Never was acting more wholly unconventional. There is no audience for, and there is no stage for her audience. It is a character of life, not as well as, too as it might be, perhaps—but simply perfect in its representation. When in the first act of "The Thief") Marie Voysin talks to and flirts with her husband she talks to and flirts with no one else. She never made a point for the audience all through the evening, and she never missed one that was in the play. And the art of her "listening!" A good many of us may recall that wonderful "listening" of Sarah Bernhardt. It is a thing one hardly ever sees upon the stage, that concentration of the hearer upon the speaker which makes us listen.

We get quite light comedy in the opening, and we pass through serious comedy to something which makes us quite sure that tragedy also is within the artist's range. She would play lead parts to perfection; but, most of all, one would like to see her as Lady Macbeth—the Lady Macbeth of Shakespeare—the high-strung woman who sacrificed loyalty and sex and soul to the altar of another's greatness, and was undone at last by the feminine sensibility which her will, hers or here, was able for a little time to trample down. As for comedy, what could be more perfect than the scene with young Lagardes the voice now gay, now coaxing, now tender.

Miss Anglin's range of vocal resource is quite extraordinary. Her emotional power is beyond doubt, but the perfect restraint which it is used is the best indication of her right to be placed in the first rank of art. Her force is tremendous; her voice is scarcely raised; and all through the second act of "The Thief" the passion of Marie Voysin is none the less intense and compelling that it is always the passion of a gentlewoman. And what are we to say of her tenderness and her pathos? Of the voice which sometimes breaks, and which sometimes fails to hold a hard moment, because it will falter and break altogether before the end is at be tested with one soft fall etcon? Of the eye of almost devotive credulity when first she learns that her husband really is jealous of young Lagardes; of the ... and ... and love and tenderness in it and of the despair which increases and yet never moves and wails? The Sydney Telegraph.

Kate Lester in "The Man of the Hour."

GIVEN WONDERFUL RECEPTION

Tokio, Oct. 20—The return of Admiral Togo here after his great victory of the sea of Japan did not arouse as great enthusiasm as was manifested today when Admiral Sperry and the squadron commander and captains of the American fleet arrived. Along the whole 18 miles of the way from Yokohama to Tokio there was a continual greeting. Each village school turned out, every pupil waving an American banner and the emblem of their native land.

Admiral Sperry bowed his response, his officers waved hats, while the women of his party fluttered fans and handkerchiefs. The trip was one long procession through a line of waving flags.

On reaching Tokio the officers were met by representatives of every department of the government, Secretary Day of the American embassy, and the entire staff from the legation.

After the exchange of formal greetings, a procession was formed and then came a great surprise when the band struck up the national hymn and 10,000 school children, massed in a chorus which packed the entire approach to the station, sang the words of the hymn in English. The effect was such as to stir the hardest and enthusiasm even of the weather beaten commander of the American fleet, who with his officers marched, passed along.

After 15 minutes of continuous cheering the band stopped, the leader stepped out, and 10,000 voices cheered again, giving the American cheer three times and a tiger.

The American officers were then conducted to carriages in waiting. The admirals of the fleet were driven to the Shiba Palace in special carriages. The 27 captains and commanders were taken to the Imperial Hotel. The streets were literally packed with madly cheering crowds. The effect from the waving flags resembled a sea of red, white and blue.

The admirals received official calls in the morning, and returned them, after which they called on Ambassador O'Brien, and had informal luncheon. There will be two garden parties, one at the American embassy and the other at the residence of ... sake.

One thousand sailors from the fleet will be brought on special trains daily to Tokio where every form of entertainment will be supplied them.

The American naval officers say their reception here exceeds anything that they have experienced on their long cruise, that the Japanese ... reception here ... ocean.

The day broke calm and beautiful over Yokohama bay, the harbor being bathed in brilliant sunshine.

Many Go Out in Boats to See Yankee Fleet

Yokohama, Oct. 20—Thousands here have gone out to see the American battleship fleet in the harbor. Scores of small craft have been darting in and out among the battleships.

The ships show the effect of the tremendous battering by the waves which is described by old officers as the worst they have ever encountered. The Kearsarge, which was separated from the fleet, only picked up the others early this morning and is still undergoing repairs.

Rear Admiral Sperry said immediately after anchoring that he was glad to arrive at Japan and that he greatly appreciated the evidences of a sincere welcome, the arrangements which appeared to be perfect.

The moment the fleet dropped anchor the admirals, in formal dress hastened from the flagships of the various divisions to the flagship of the fleet, the Connecticut, was boarded by Japanese subordinate officers who came to arrange details. Shortly the commander-in-chief and the other admirals, accompanied by their staffs, entered a motor boat and proceeded to the flagship Mikasa, of the Japanese fleet, to pay an official call upon Vice-Admiral Sir Goro Ijuin. The Japanese admirals immediately returned the call.

Vice-Admiral Ijuin, rear admirals and ... ... was given a hearty welcome by Admiral Sperry on board the Connecticut. After a brief visit the Japanese officers departed and as they went down the side the Japanese flag was broken out at the mainmast and the guns belched forth a salute.

A short time later Francis B. Loomis, formerly the first assistant secretary of state, and now the United States commissioner to the Tokio exposition, accompanied by Mrs. Loomis, John C. O'Laughlin and Mrs. O'Laughlin, and Acting Consul-General Dubois, called upon Rear Admiral Sperry and paid their respects. They were given 15 salutes as they left the ship. In the meantime visits were exchanged between the captains of all the vessels.

The mayor and governor also called on the admiral, and later the reception committee boarded the Connecticut and bade the admiral and his men welcome in behalf of the entire nation.

In the afternoon the garden party given by the mayor of Yokohama was attended by many officials and great crowds of civilians, but the weather was unfavorable and somewhat interfered with the success of the function. Everywhere ... ... the ... and ... ...

At nightfall magnificent illuminations lit the entire city. Electric lights and lanterns were ... everywhere, and at a prominent place ... ... in which the word "Welcome" was spelled with brilliant lights, was surrounded by hundreds of American and Japanese flags. The ... parade float, ... made of the little Japanese ... ... and bright color ...

All of the Japanese warships ... outlined with electric lights, and ... ...

Several dinners were given last evening in honor of the American officers, at one of which the mayor was host and Admiral Sperry the chief guest of honor. This was ... by a grand ball given by Governor ... Kanagawa, at which ... ... present. During the ... ... speech at the dinner Admiral Sperry said that the object ... ... the development of the fleet ... peaceful purposes. He believed that nothing was ever likely to occur to break the traditional friendship of America and Japan.

It is understood that Capt. W. B. Potter of the Vermont will take command of the second division at Hong Kong.

SUNDAY SCHOOLS OF STATE

The New Hampshire Association to Meet Next Week at Nashua

The thirty-fifth annual state Sunday school convention opens in the Pilgrim Congregational church at Nashua next Tuesday afternoon, and a large number of delegates from the Bible schools of the state are expected. With the view of making this a "teachers' convention," a very attractive program has been prepared.

The delegates will be entertained by the Nashua schools upon the same plan as heretofore, a nominal fee being charged. The representatives from the several Nashua churches have formed a general committee of which Rev. W. H. Bolster, D. D., pastor of the convention church, is chairman; the entertainment will be in charge of a committee of which Clarence A. Woodbury is chairman. As each school is entitled to representation by pastor, superintendent, and one or more delegates, the attendance will be large.

The New Hampshire committee has been extremely fortunate in securing Mrs. Lamoreaux of Chicago, the author of "The Unfolding Life," who will give her Five Life Studies, and also assist in conferences during the convention. Mrs. Lamoreaux will speak Tuesday evening upon "The Beginner"; Wednesday morning upon "The Primary Child"; Wednesday afternoon the subject will be "The Junior"; Thursday morning "The Intermediate Pupil." Thursday afternoon the studies will close with "The Senior Pupil."

Tuesday's program will also include an address by Rev. H. F. Johnson of Nashua, and an address by the international superintendent of teacher training, Rev. Franklin McElfresh, Ph. D., upon the subject, "The Evangelistic Mission of the Sunday School." These addresses will come in the afternoon at 3.20 and 4.60 o'clock. In the evening a conference for elementary workers will be held at 6.30 for the accommodation of teachers unable to attend an afternoon session. Dr. William I. Haven, of the American Bible Society, will deliver one of the addresses of the evening.

Wednesday morning Dr. McElfresh will speak upon "The Scope of Teacher Training," and will assist in a conference. At the close of the afternoon session the annual banquet will be held. At the evening session Mr. Platts of Manchester will report the "Louisville Convention," and Rev. A. D. Leavitt of Concord will speak upon the subject, "The Child Spirit and Religion."

Thursday's program will include addresses by Rev. J. H. Robbins, Dr. McElfresh, Rev. W. W. Gilliss of Dover, and the convention will close with a lecture by Prof. Horne of Dartmouth, "The Method of Jesus as Teacher."

There will be numerous conferences and reports and a display of publications of interest to all interested in the work. The railroad rate will be one fare and three-fifths for the round trip. Programs may be obtained of General Secretary Thompson, at Franklin. While only delegates can take part in the business of the convention, all interested in Sunday school work are invited to attend the sessions.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature each box. 25c.

CHECKLIST NOTICE

The Board of Registrars of Voters of the City of Portsmouth hereby give notice that they will be in session at the council chamber at City Hall in said city on the following dates viz: Sept. 22, 25, 29, Oct. 2, 6, 9, 13, 16, 20, 23, and at the following hours from 9 a. m. to 12 m.; from 2 to 5, 7.30 to 9 p. m., for the purpose of making up and correcting the checklists of the several wards in said city, to be used at the election to be held Nov. 3, 1908.

The said board will also be in session at the same place on election day, Nov. 3, 1908, from 8 a. m., to 12 m. and from 1 to 4 p. m., for the purpose of granting certificates to those legal voters whose names are omitted from the lists.

Voters must bear in mind that it is their personal duty to see that their names are on the lists by presenting themselves at some meeting of this board.

Per order,
Board of Registrars.

5 Cts.

Buys the Same Quantity of The Famous

FRANK JONES PORTSMOUTH ALE.

The amount served you costs your dealer a trifle more than a like amount of cheap ale

THAT DON'T EFFECT YOU

You are after Quality and Quantity combined

There Is No Chance To Deceive You If You Have Ever Tasted The Genuine.—If You Are Being Deceived By Your Dealer Write

THE FRANK JONES BREWING CO.,
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

We Intend To See That You Get What You Pay For.

PORTSMOUTH THEATRE,
(Music Hall) PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
F. W. HARTFORD, Manager.

Tuesday Evening, Oct. 20.

FIRST TIME HERE—DIRECT FROM BOSTON

CHARLES FROHMAN PRESENTS

The Dainty, Delightful, "Bewitching Tease,"

MARIE DORO

IN THE COMEDY SUCCESS

The Richest Girl

By Gavault and Morton (Authors of "My Wife.")

Cast includes ORRIN JOHNSON, Especially Engaged.

Prices 35c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50.

Seats on sale at Music Hall Box Office, Saturday, Oct. 17th.

Three Nights and Two Matinees

Beginning Thursday, Oct. 22.

SPITZ, NATHANSON & NASON PRESENT

The Peerless Singing Comedian

JAMES KENNEDY

IN THE BEST OF DRAMATIC PLAYS.

REPERTOIRE

MATINEES		NIGHTS	
Friday,	Why Women Hate Women	Thursday,	Jack Swift, King of Wall St
Saturday,	A Broken Wedding Ring	Friday,	Gentleman Jim
		Saturday,	Sheridan Keene, Detective

POPULAR PRICES Evenings, 10c, 20c, 30c Matinees, 10c and 20c

Ladies' Tickets Thursday Night Limited to 300.

Ladies presenting this coupon and 15c at the usual place, between now and Thursday, at 6.15 p. m., will receive a 30-Cent Reserved Seat Ticket. Do it now. Come early and avoid disappointment.

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All Kinds of Tire Repairs
Gasolene and Supplies
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Telephone First class repair work.

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F. A Robbins Will Occupy Building No. 61 Market Street after Oct. 1st.

A Fine Stock of Antique Furniture. Cabinet Work, Upholstering and Mattress Work. Storage for furniture pianos and household goods in dry rooms.

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We wish to announce that having purchased the business of J. E. Hoxie, we are prepared to continue the same high grade of work and shall try to merit the patronage of our customers, both new and old.

GEO. R. WOODS & CO., Successors to J. E. HOXIE,
House Painters, Designers and Decorators.
68 State St. 18-20 Pleasant St. Telephone 644-12.

CHRONICLE ADS. GIVE BEST RESULTS

NEW ENGLAND FOREST FIRES.

Smoke Becomes So Dense That Skies Are Hidden.

MANY ACRES BURNED OVER.

Mass of Flames Near the Top of Hoosac Mountains--Hundreds of Square Miles of Practically Unbroken Woodland In Vermont Is Threatened With Destruction--The Shipping Handicapped by Haze.

Boston, Oct. 20.—Yesterday, as "the day of the big smoke," will go down in New England history side by side with the famous "yellow day" of many years ago. For the first time in many lives it was possible to watch the sun's surface with the naked eye. Even at noon many office buildings had to use artificial light, so dense were the smoke clouds over the city.

Forest fires all over New England were responsible for the smoke clouds that shut out the sun. Off the coast, where steamers and sailing vessels were looking for an opening to get into the harbor, the smoke from the fires, hanging low over the water, made navigation at times perilous.

The Berkshire mountain region in western Massachusetts and the foothills of the Green mountain range in southern Vermont are covered with a thick smoke pall from fires which have burned over hundreds of acres of timberland. In the mass of fallen leaves and dry undergrowth in the woods fires have started at many points in the last few days, and some of them are assuming dangerous proportions.

Hoosac mountain, through which runs the long terminal of the Fitchburg division of the Boston and Maine railroad, is a mass of flames near its top, presenting a beautiful spectacle visible for many miles. Many acres on the side of the mountain have been burned over, but as the fire is well above the tunnel entrance no interference with the operation of trains is feared. Florida mountain, in Buckland, has also been partly burned over.

The most serious forest fire is reported east of Bennington, Vt., where hundreds of square miles of practically unbroken woodland seems threatened by a blaze which started on the east side of Bald mountain in the township of Woodford.

The region threatened by the fire is a part of the biggest forest area in Vermont, and covers about 660 square miles, most of which is practically unbroken wilderness.

The brush along the tracks of the Boston and Albany railroad at Cheshire Harbor has been so dry that a spark started a conflagration that burned over forty acres.

At Chester over twelve miles of woodland were burned over, and despite the fact that the entire population of the town was out fighting flames it spread so that the middle section of the fire showed a front two miles long. Another fire on the top of Round's hall had a frontage of three miles and was gradually drifting down near the Chester station of the Boston and Albany railroad.

At the Holden reservoir in Worcester over 100 acres of heavily wooded pine land were burned over, and the loss will be heavy. Over seventy-five men participated in the work of attempting to stamp out the fire.

GOT CHECK FOR $10,000.

Buffalo, Oct. 20.—The problem of financing the work of the National Woman Suffrage association for a time clogged the smooth-running machinery of their convention. It was finally decided to make an effort to raise at least $5000 by voluntary subscription. The contributions had reached $2500 when a messenger handed President Shaw a letter from Mrs. Catherine B. Lewis of Buffalo, enclosing a check for $10,000. Mrs. Shaw announced the contents of the letter in a few happy words.

ATTACKED BY A LUNATIC.

Waterbury, Vt., Oct. 20.—G. B. Evans, a leading business man, was attacked at his home here by a lunatic and severely injured. The man called at the Evans residence in the guise of an agent and struck Evans over the head twice. Evans overpowered the intruder, who was afterwards arrested and taken to jail. The prisoner is said to be a former inmate of the Vermont state hospital for the insane.

BANK IN DIFFICULTIES.

Carroll, Ia., Oct. 20.—William A. Fulkerson, aged 61, president of the First National bank here, committed suicide by shooting. The bank is closed, pending an investigation. The cashier says it has $354,000 in deposits and that it can pay out, but that it will take all of its capital stock and surplus. Culberson had been at the head of the bank for thirty-five years.

NAVAL REPORTS HELD UP.

Washington, Oct. 20.—To guard against publication of possible indiscreet utterances of chiefs of bureaus at the navy department during the campaign, Secretary Metcalf has directed that nothing contained in any regular annual report of those offices shall be made public until after the election in November.

SITUATION MUCH BRIGHTER.

Balkan Difficulty May Be Settled Without Intervention of Powers.

London, Oct. 20.—The latest phase of the Balkan difficulty points to the possibility of the most serious issues being settled by direct negotiation before the proposed international congress meets, leaving to the congress the work merely of ratifying and legalizing the arrangements already made.

Confirmation is had from Vienna of the statement that negotiations have been opened between Turkey and Austria concerning Bosnia and Herzegovina, with fair prospect of success, while Constantinople dispatches are more hopeful that Turkey and Bulgaria will reach an understanding on the Oriental railroad and Rumelian tribute questions.

The Bulgarian charge d'affaires has informed Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary, that his government officially authorized him to give most positive assurances that Bulgaria would take every possible step to avoid a war with Turkey.

WORLD CIRCLING VOYAGE ENDED.

Alabama and Maine Both Snug In American Ports.

New York, Oct. 20.—Through a dull brown curtain of haze and smoke which overhung the entrance to New York harbor the great white hull of the battleship Alabama crept cautiously into port and dropped anchor off Tompkinsville, completing a voyage around the world in 309 days. More than 35,000 miles of all the seas of all the world lay behind her.

Except in one particular, the Alabama finished her long swing around the great circle as fit for a fight as when she sailed from Hampton Roads on Dec. 16 last, as one of the great fleet which went forth on a mission of peace to show the nations of the world that the United States still had a fighting arm at sea. Seven years of steaming has put the boilers of the great ship to a severe test and repairs are necessary. In a few days the Alabama will go to the navy yard at Brooklyn to undergo an overhauling which will again put her in the best of trim.

Meanwhile her companion, the battleship Maine, which accompanied the Alabama from the Pacific coast on the path-finding voyage around the world, rests in the harbor of Portsmouth, N. H., where she arrived early yesterday, the two ships having separated at sea.

The Maine is anchored alongside the dock at the Portsmouth navy yard. These vessels have demonstrated to other world powers that American battleships can make long voyages and remain in good fighting trim.

According to a pamphlet published on board during the voyage, the Maine steamed an actual distance of 33,292 miles. She burned 22,600 tons of coal, the handling of which wore out 250 shovels.

The engines made approximately 13,000,000 revolutions, with no serious accident of any sort. All the machinery is in fine shape, except the boilers.

AN ACTOR'S SACRIFICE.

Chicago, Oct. 20.—Earl Stirling, a member of the stock company at the College theatre, collapsed during a performance. Stirling's wife, who was in a critical condition all last week, died last Saturday. Because of the fact that no understudy had been trained, Stirling was forced to enact a comedy role night after night and successive matinees with his wife at death's door. In his arms she breathed her last. He went through his performances after her death without faltering or wavering, but the strain of the intense effort to keep his mind from thought of his wife was too great and he broke down under it.

MARINE DISASTERS.

Digby, N. S., Oct. 20.—Navigation has been rendered difficult and dangerous on the bay of Fundy, over which hangs a dense pall of smoke. Schooner George L. Slipp, Hantsport, N. S., for Boston, struck on the rocks and the crew was rescued with great difficulty. The vessel is rapidly breaking up. Schooner Vanity went ashore west of Point Prim light and is waterlogged.

LARCENY IS CHARGED.

Worcester, Mass., Oct. 20.—Gilbert A. Perry, aged 36, was arrested in this city, charged with the larceny of valuable packages and articles from the parcel room of the South station in Boston, where he was in charge of the "Lost Articles" department at the terminal. It is said by the police that arrests in Boston may follow.

HER MIND UNBALANCED.

New York, Oct. 20.—Mrs. Charlotte Hitchcock, who shot and killed her husband and then shot herself, has been formally adjudged to be insane. It is likely that Mrs. Hitchcock will be sent to an asylum. She believed she was being persecuted by her husband. She confessed that she killed him and tried to kill herself.

DEATHS FROM SNOWSTORM.

Denver, Oct. 20.—Six accidental deaths are traceable to a snowstorm that prevailed in Colorado. Besides seven persons sustained serious injuries in railroad collisions and by coming in contact with live wires.

MUST CUT OUT DAY SPEECHES.

Out of Door Speaking Has Affected Taft's Voice.

MACK MAKES PREDICTION.

Says There Will Be a Landslide For Bryan, Including States of New York, Ohio and Indiana--Both Candidates Draw Large and Enthusiastic Audiences--Taft in the East, Bryan in the West.

New York, Oct. 20.—That Mr. Taft's voice is in such bad condition that he will have to cancel many of his dates for speaking was indicated by Chairman Hitchcock on his return from a visit with Taft at Newark, N. J.

This means a rearrangement of Taft's itinerary, but it will not affect his dates in New York. He will be in this city as arranged. The rearrangement will cut out all of Taft's day speeches and one of his night speeches. The latter is the speech which had been planned for Chicago next Saturday night.

It is also expected that most of Taft's dates in West Virginia will be cancelled. Hitchcock is at work now on the West Virginia situation so far as Taft is concerned. The dates for Taft's speeches in Connecticut may also be cancelled.

Dr. Richardson, the throat specialist, who is traveling with Taft, is of the opinion that Taft's voice has been affected chiefly by his outdoor speaking. By abandoning the day speeches, which were to have been made out of doors, it is believed by Richardson that Taft will be able to meet all of his night engagements with the exception of that at Chicago.

Mr. Hitchcock said that he never saw the candidate looking better, and that Taft is more hopeful of the result than he has been at any time since the campaign began. He will rest in Ohio on Wednesday. Hitchcock believes, from information he has received, that there is a fighting chance in Missouri for the Republican national ticket. Hitchcock expects to go to Chicago within the next five days.

Chairman Mack of the Democratic national committee arrived here yesterday from Chicago by way of Buffalo. He predicts a landslide for Mr. Bryan, including the states of New York, Ohio and Indiana. The figures upon which his assurance is based were obtained particularly in New York from a careful poll made by precinct captains.

While Mack was giving this encouragement to his party a cablegram was received by Treasurer Ridder from Richard Croker. The news was brief, but it added to the cheer which Mack had brought with him to the eastern headquarters. "I contribute $1000 to Bryan and $500 to Chanler," Croker's message ran.

Upon the receipt of Croker's communication, Chairman Mack, John W. Kern, vice presidential candidate; State Chairman Conners, and Vice Chairman Hudspeth went into conference. When it was over the participants said that never since the Cleveland landslide had the Democratic horizon been more radiant.

BIG CROWDS GREET TAFT.

Baltimore, Oct. 20.—Hitting straight at Mr. Bryan with even more force than in the north, west or south, William H. Taft carried his campaign to the very doors of New York city and gave a clear indication of the character of speeches he will make in the Empire state next week.

Mr. Taft encountered tremendous crowds and enthusiasm spontaneous and ample. His extended efforts of the day were at Newark, Elizabeth and Baltimore. At Newark he gave attention to all the issues save labor. In his Elizabeth speech he dwelt solely on the labor question, and last night he combined the Newark and Elizabeth speeches.

The zest with which Delaware received the candidate resulted in curtailing the Wilmington speech to but a few lines. The crowd in the square opposite the public building where the speakers' stand stood was so jammed with people that it was with the greatest difficulty that Taft was gotten through. When he reached the stand the pressure in the throng was so great that many women and children were removed in distress.

"The real issue of the campaign is," said Taft, "whether you think the Republican party, by what it has done in the last twelve years, is entitled to your confidence. Even if it has done something to displease you, is it not much to be preferred to the Democratic party under any circumstances, considering the history of that party, and considering the peculiarities—to use no more offensive expression—of the leadership of that party?"

The acts of the Republican party were then recounted: Establishing the gold standard, repealing the Wilson-Gorman tariff bill and enacting the Dingley tariff, and fighting the Spanish war.

LABOR MAN IN CABINET.

Chicago, Oct. 20.—William J. Bryan arrived in Chicago last night in a blaze of glory, after an 87-day trip through Illinois. Thousands assembled at the Union depot to greet him, as his special pulled in. He was escorted by Democrats in fifty automobiles to Pilsen park, where he addressed a great throng. As he emerged from the station a great quantity of red fire and roman candles were set off, the crowd all the while wildly cheering. As the long procession of motor cars passed down the street their occupants continued the pyrotechnic display. From Pilsen park the Democratic candidate was escorted to Arcade hall, where another big crowd was on hand and accorded him an ovation. Many in the Pilsen park audience were laboring people.

"If I am elected president," said Bryan, "and the more I travel and mingle with the people the more convinced I am that I will be elected—if I am elected I intend to have a secretary of labor as a member of the cabinet. The affairs of the workingmen of this country are too great not to have a representative on the president's advisory board. From this secretary I should seek advice on legislation of interest to the workingman."

The feature of Bryan's journey through Illinois was the accusation, repeatedly made, that the Republican party was now preparing to purchase the election. The statement caused a distinct sensation. The Democrats, he said, were asking only for $100,000 with which to finish the work of the campaign, while the Republicans were asking for $1,000,000. "What do they need the money for now?" he inquired, and, answering his own question, he declared that it was for use on election day, "as they have used it year after year."

All along the line of travel through this state Bryan was accorded enthusiastic demonstrations by large, cheering crowds. He delivered sixteen speeches in all, some of them of considerable length.

DISTURBER FINALLY FLED.

Accused Candidate O'Brien of Being a Criminal and an Ex-Convict.

Hartford, Oct. 20.—A big rally, winding up the first day of the trip into Connecticut of Eugene W. Chafin, the presidential candidate of the Prohibition party, held in the Auditorium last night, was made a lively affair for a few minutes by a man who, rising from a seat in the rear of the hall, made a verbal attack upon Matthew E. O'Brien of Bridgeport, the party candidate for governor of Connecticut, who preceded Chafin in the order of speaking.

The man who took an impromptu part gave his name as W. O. Marshall of Chicago and he made accusations against O'Brien to the effect that the latter was a criminal and an ex-convict. O'Brien invited the man to come to the platform and read a document which he was waving over his head. The man declined, but the audience became insistent, and the man went to the platform, where he gave his name. O'Brien tried to find out whom the man represented and there was great excitement among the audience, during which the man shouted out that he wanted to deliver an address on the "criminal record of Mr. O'Brien."

The crowd surged up to the platform and then the man jumped off and started for the door amid the hisses of many. When quiet was restored O'Brien announced that he was not the O'Brien who was mentioned in the document the man had, which purported to be a record from a court in Bristol county, Mass. The interruption came when O'Brien was attacking the liquor dealers of the state.

Mr. Chafin discussed the prevailing political apathy, saying that, "although we were within two weeks of election day, thousands of men in both parties had not yet made up their minds who they were going to vote for." He said they were looking for light and issues in the old parties, but could not find them. He reiterated his statement that whichever of the old parties is defeated at the coming election will never be heard of again in a presidential campaign.

WRIGHT ATTACKS BRYAN.

New York, Oct. 20.—Seldom has William J. Bryan been so severely arraigned during the present campaign as he was here last night by Secretary of War Wright, who addressed a large mass meeting at Terrace Garden. General Wright, who was introduced as "a Democrat having the honor of holding a cabinet position under a Republican administration," was greeted with enthusiastic cheering as soon as he appeared on the platform, and his speech was repeatedly interrupted by cheering and applause.

The speaker entered vigorously into the principal issues of the campaign, condemning Bryan in sharp terms for the latter's reference in a recent speech to President Roosevelt as "the hired man." Wright said that such statements "belied the groundlings, but made the judicious grieve." He then outlined the powers of the president in an endeavor to show that the president is not a "hired man," but "the chief ruler of the people." Wright also discussed the tariff and other questions.

LA FOLLETTE STARTS OUT.

Mt. Horeb, Wis., Oct. 20.—Senator La Follette made his first speech of the campaign here. The senator declared that he had the highest respect for Mr. Bryan as a man of patriotism and sincerity, but that he was supporting Mr. Taft because he believed through the agency of the Republican party the progressive movement could be best carried out.

TO PRAY FOR RAIN.

Altoona, Pa., Oct. 20.—The drought in this section has caused such alarm that the Altoona ministerium called upon the citizens of Altoona to assemble Wednesday evening and importune Providence for relief.

BEST CITIZENS IN PEACE.

They Are Those Who Made Best Soldiers In War.

THE OLD AMERICAN SPIRIT.

President Says It Is Illustrated at Its Best In Vermont--Must Do Our Duty Abroad, But Duty at Home Is Even More Important--Men Who "Stay Put" the Ones That Count--The True American Principle.

Washington, Oct. 20.—"I know Vermont well. I do not want to exalt one state above its fellows, but if I were asked to pick out typical American states where we see the old American spirit illustrated at its best we would surely have to include Vermont."

Thus declared President Roosevelt in addressing 100 members of the Thirteenth Vermont Infantry, who, with their wives, have been visiting the Gettysburg battlefield and are now on their way home. The president received them in the East room of the White House. In his address he paid tribute to the state veterans and the broad national principles for which they stood. He said:

"No member of Stannard's brigade needs more than the mention of that fact as a passport for entry to the White House, as a passport to the respect of everyone of his fellow persons who has a pride in the history of his country. I was at Gettysburg a couple of years ago and saw where your historic brigade stood at the time of the great charge of Pickett's Virginians.

"I have always maintained that the best citizen in peace was the man who made a good soldier in war, for the same qualities that made him a soldier when the country called for soldiership make him a good citizen in the days of peace.

"All that I, as president, have been striving to do is to apply practically the principles upon which you men here have acted. I wish to see this government able to hold its head aloft in the presence of the outside world; I wish to see it able to withstand any movement of aggression made against it, and in return scrupulously careful to treat all other nations with the justice and good feeling which we demand that one individual shall show another.

"I hold that the international obligations of nations should be approached in precisely the same spirit in which we approach the ordinary duties of individuals as among ourselves. A man has no business to suffer imposition; he is not a man if he submits to insult and wrong, and neither is he a man if he inflicts wrong upon or insults anyone else. I hope to see the conduct of the United States toward other powers always modeled on that principle.

"We must do our duty abroad, but even more important is it to do our duty at home, and we can do our duty at home only if we show ourselves true to the principles which this government was founded to uphold. You men of the big war, when you went to battle, each one of you took a great interest in the character of the man alongside him, your bunky, or the men next to you in the ranks. It was no concern of yours whether he was a farmer, a wageworker, a banker or a brick ayer; that did not make any difference.

"What you wanted to know was whether he would 'stay put,' whether he was a man, and show himself such in march, camp or battle; and you would have despised equally the man who looked down on another because he possessed less means or had to work with his hands, and the man who hated another because he possessed more means or did not have to work with his hands. That is the true American principle, and it must be applied in civil life just as you applied it in military life."

RICHFORD FIRE STILL BURNS.

Richford, Vt., Oct. 20.—Beneath a pile of debris from the freight cars which were burned when the grain elevator was destroyed by fire here on Oct. 7 another body of the fifteen victims was recovered yesterday. Although the remains are burned beyond recognition, they are believed to be those of Thomas Jacques. This is the eighth body found thus far, as the grain in the elevator is still burning so briskly as to prevent an extensive search of the ruins to be made.

TWO KILLED BY EXPLOSION.

Springfield, Mass., Oct. 20.—Peter Charles, aged 21, and Joseph Hanson, aged 16, are dead and three men are seriously injured as the result of an explosion in the Fiberloid company's plant. Besides the three seriously injured, several others were slightly hurt. The exact cause of the explosion has not been determined and officials of the company are reticent. Nearly all the windows of the building were blown out and other damage was done.

CAUGHT IN MACHINERY.

New York, Oct. 20.—John Karle, a porter in a rope manufacturing plant in Brooklyn, was mangled to death by a carding machine in the presence of 300 screaming girl operatives. Karle was sweeping the floor near the machine when the pickers of the carding machine caught the leg of his overalls and drew him into the machine, killing him in a moment.

MORSE ACTED AS MANAGER.

Further Underhand Financiering Shown In a Pool In Ice Stocks.

New York, Oct. 20.—Operations in what witnesses admitted was a pool in ice stocks were related in the criminal branch of the United States court, where Charles W. Morse, financier, and A. H. Curtis, former president of the National Bank of North America, are being tried on charges of violating national banking laws.

John F. Carroll, vice president of the Fourteenth Street bank, produced several letters written about two years ago, in which it was shown that Carroll had invested $114,712 in ice stock in December, 1905, the principal of the investment being carried by the bank as a loan, with the stock as collateral. Three days later the transaction closed with a profit to Carroll of $20,707. Carroll said that at that time he was operating with Charles M. Schwab, John W. Gates, Isaac Guggenheim, Charles Barney and Morse. The latter was manager of what Carroll admitted was a pool.

Presiding Judge Hough asked some questions regarding the pool and characterized its members as "this association of adventurers." Schwab and Gates were other witnesses, and each testified to profits in early transactions in the ice dealings, but subsequent losses.

COURT DENIES HER PETITION.

Neither Alimony Nor Children For Mrs. Hains at Present.

New York, Oct. 20.—Charging brutal abuse at the hands of her husband, the deposition of Mrs. Claudia L. Hains, wife of Captain Peter C. Hains, under indictment for the murder of William E. Annis, was made public in the supreme court, Brooklyn, when her motion for counsel fees and alimony pending her suit for separation and custody of her children was heard by Judge Carr. The court denied the motion, declaring that it was evident that Hains was unable to pay an allowance even should it be ordered.

That Annis was shot in order to conceal the proofs of the falsity of statements connecting his name with hers is one of the startling charges made in Mrs. Hains' deposition. She alleges that she was choked, starved and beaten for three days between May 29, 1908, and June 1, 1908, at her home at Fort Hamilton.

She asserts in her affidavit that her husband compelled her at the point of a revolver, after being made to drink whisky with his brother, to sign a piece of paper, of whose contents, in her dazed condition, she had no knowledge. She says that her husband taught her to drink and smoke and frequently abused her in the presence of her children. She denies that she has ever been unduly friendly with any man. She claims she repulsed the advances of T. J. Hains, and that he threatened to be revenged.

CHANLER WANTS A REST.

Charlottesville, Va., Oct. 20.—Because the plaintiff declared he was accustomed to do mental work in a recumbent position and sitting upright in a witness chair had fatigued him, the case of John A. Chanler, who is fighting for legal establishment of his sanity and recovery of a fortune he claims was wrested from him in New York, was continued until Nov. 30. Chanler said he desired a rest after three days' mental strain on the witness stand, and this was agreed upon at a conference of lawyers.

DEATH OF GUS ROGERS.

New York, Oct. 20.—Gus Rogers, of the stage comedy team of Rogers Brothers, died here of appendicitis. He was taken sick while touring with the "Rogers Brothers in Panama" company. Gus Rogers was one of the best known low comedians on the American stage. The brothers, Max and Gus, started their stage career in a music hall in Boston in 1889. They did a German dialect and knockabout act. Gus Rogers was said to be worth $500,000. A widow, Maude Raymond, a vaudeville player, and two children, survive him.

BLACK HAND THREATS.

Chicago, Oct. 20.—Two "Black Hand" letters threatening to blow up the Moody church here were received by Rev. A. C. Dixon, acting pastor of the church, according to information gained from the police. The letters demanded that $7000 be left in a cigar box on the porch of the church. At the hour set detectives watched for the appearance of suspicious persons, but none appeared.

SUFFOCATED IN SAUERKRAUT.

Adams, Mass., Oct. 20.—While his mother was preparing sauerkraut, Stephen Urbanski, aged 10 months, fell into the small bathtub which contained the mixture of cabbage and water and was drowned. Mrs. Urbanski had left the baby for a few minutes while she went to the garden to cut cabbage.

THE WEATHER.

Almanac, Wednesday, Oct. 21.
Sun rises—6:01; sets—4:53.
Moon rises—2:00 a. m.
High water—8:30 a. m.; 9 p. m.

The weather will continue fair in New England. Temperature changes will be unimportant.

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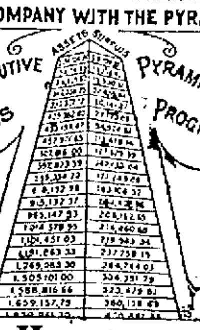

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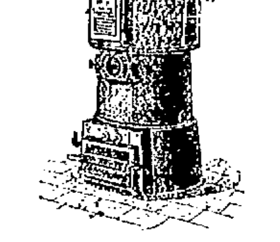

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Cemetery lots for sale; also Loam and Turf. Orders left at his residence, corner of Richards Avenue and South Street, or by mail with Oliver W. Ham, 64 Market Street, will be given prompt attention.

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Sumner Wallace of.....Rochester
F. E. Anderson of.....Nashua
Warren Brown of.....Hampton Falls

FOR COUNCILOR:
A. Melvin Foss of.....Dover

FOR SHERIFF:
Ceylon Spinney of.....Portsmouth

FOR COUNTY SOLICITOR:
Charles H. Batchelder of Portsmouth

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS:
William H. Hodgdon of Portsmouth
George A. Carlisle of .....Exeter
John P. Hardy of .....Derry

FOR COUNTY TREASURER:
John K. Bates of .....Portsmouth

FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS:
John W. A. Greene of .....Exeter

FOR REGISTER OF PROBATE:
George F. Richards of .....Exeter

FOR SENATORS:
Thomas Entwistle of .....Portsmouth
Albert E. Stevens of .....Newmarket
John N. Sanborn of ....Hampton Falls

FOR REPRESENTATIVES:
John August Hett of .....Ward 1
Joseph N. Jones of .....Ward 1
Wallace Hackett of.....Ward 2
Edwin B. Bartlett of.....Ward 2
Frank J. Philbrick of.....Ward 3
William J. Shuttleworth of....Ward 3
Solomon A. Schurman of.....Ward 3
Charles W. Humphreys of ....Ward 4
Herman A. Clark of .....Ward 5

TUESDAY, OCT. 20, 1908.

THE SILENT WORKER

The personality of the presidential candidates reminds us of this famous writing of the late lamented "Josh Billings": "Natur duz awl her big and little jobs without making enuy fuss; the earth goes around the sun the moon changes, the eklipses, and the pollywog silently and tailessly bekums a frog, but man kant ever deliver a small sized 4th of July orashun without knocking down a mountain or two, and turning up three or four primeval forests by the bleeding roots."

The tasks that Taft has successfully handled, and his well known quietness, are both of tremendous dimensions. Taft is one of the biggest men on the globe and probably the quietest great man since Von Moltke.

As for Bryan—well, what would "Josh Billings" have thought of the Nebraskan?

OUR EXCHANGES

Colonel Quinby's Clean Canvass

The nomination of Henry B. Quinby for governor is a triumph of the true reformers in New Hampshire politics, and the harmonious way in which his nomination was accomplished should augur well for the future of the party. Another struggle like that of two years ago would have torn the party to shreds, but it now seems as though the various factions would rise above petty issues and work together for the good of the grand old state of New Hampshire. Colonel Quinby made a fair clean canvass, and every good Republican should put the shoulder to the wheel vigorously to roll up a vote for him next fall that will resound in the streets of Washington and lend encouragement to the national candidates, Taft and Sherman, the only feature of whose election in doubt is the size of the vote.—Littleton Courier.

Let Us Take No Risk

Judge Taft is a great man. He is a great lawyer. He has studied economic conditions at home and abroad and he knows the imperative nature of economic laws. He is a great judge and knows what justice is in the face of every demand for privilege. He is the man the times demand in order to establish what has been gained. Let us take no risk of a change.—Louisville Post.

What Have They Done?

If anything is more demoralizing than the quarrels of the wallowing rich in New York, we have not read it here. Look at this account of the Gould divorce case, where the woman in affair says she cannot live on less than $120,000 a year and the man in the case has an income of $400,000 or more. What has either of these idlers done for the world to give a title to such princely streams of gold?—Hartford Courant.

SALVAGING THE YANKEE

A Marine Experiment That is Attracting Very Great Interest

Says the Boston Transcript:

The contract made by the Government with John Arbuckle, the general terms of which have been announced, to get the cruiser Yankee off the rocks of Hen and Chicken Shoals in Buzzards Bay, has stimulated an interest larger than that measured by the hope of saving that vessel. Should the attempt be successful it will broaden the field of wrecking science. It will be like a new achievement in surgery, something that succeeds when all previously employed methods have failed. The plan to be pursued is to force air through compartment after compartment, each being sealed in turn. The idea is not a new one. More than thirty years ago an American civil engineer proposed to the British naval authorities to raise the battleship Vanguard by that process, but the plan was deemed chimerical and not entertained. He did, however, try it with success on a collier that had sunk off Birkenhead.

Like many new discoveries, however it remained dormant for a long period and its revival might not now have come about had it not been for the construction of the tunnels under the North and East rivers in New York. From their connection with these enterprises two engineers, R. O. King and W. W. Witherspoon, received suggestions that they have already put to practical use. They found that in a tunnel twenty feet in diameter an air pressure that would keep back the water at the bottom would blow off the roof at the top. This principle had previously been ignored in the use of compressed air to float stranded vessels. When the Mount Temple, a vessel of 9000 tons, went ashore off the coast of Nova Scotia last April, all the devices for wrecking relief were resorted to, but without success. It was then that these engineers volunteered their services, and after some days of hard hoisting put the vessel in a condition to enter Halifax under her own steam.

These two men are associated with Mr. Arbuckle in the present interesting venture and their skill is to no small extent the basis of the confidence that is felt in ultimate success. The pontoon system has been used to some extent for a long time. It consists in sinking these structures about the stranded or sunken vessel, when the water is forced out of them by compressed air and their buoyancy then raises and floats the vessel. Mr. Arbuckle's method applies the compressed air directly to the vessel itself, by means of huge compressors either installed on the ship or erected temporarily on land when the stranded vessel is near it, the pressure being exerted by mans of piping.

The navy department seems to have practically acknowledged that it is beyond its power to save the Yankee. She went upon the rocks several weeks ago during a heavy fog and the department up to the present week has been making strenuous but futile efforts to save her. Now it has revealed to the wrecking companies and Mr. Arbuckle made the wizardly proposition. The Yankee is so badly damaged that it will be difficult to build pontoons bulkheads, and the probable plan will be to install the compressors in a large ship to which she will be lashed, if made to float, and in a continuous pressure of air forced into her on the way to the navy yard. The process will be watched with eager interest in marine circles.

ON PRESENT BASIS

Secretary Metcalf's Idea for the Naval and Marine Corps

The Washington correspondent of the Boston Transcript reports that the unofficial announcement is made that Secretary Metcalf will not ask for more funds with which to increase the force of the navy and marine corps within the next year. It is given out that the secretary not only will not ask Congress to provide funds for the purpose, but that he will appear personally and voice his opposition.

At the last session of Congress Mr. Metcalf was not wholly in sympathy with the proposal to provide more men and officers for the service, but he was not extreme in his opposition. Naval officers testified to the urgent necessity for increasing the force, and so effectively that Congress authorized 3000 additional men for the navy and 750 additional men and 51 officers for the marine corps. This will bring the authorized strength of the service up to 42,000 enlisted men and 2560 apprentice seamen under instruction. This number is not sufficient to man the ships now building and afloat.

FIVE MILLION DOLLARS

What is Wanted for Defense of Naval Station in Hawaii

Rear Admiral R. C. Holliday, chief of the bureau of docks and yards, has returned to San Francisco from a trip to Honolulu, where he spent three weeks investigating the naval base at Pearl Harbor. Admiral Holliday estimates that it will require $2,000,000, in addition to $3,000,000 already appropriated by Congress to complete the work. There are five million cubic feet of coral and sand to be dredged out. The work will be finished by 1912. Besides the permanent base at Pearl Harbor, it is the intention of the Navy Department, said Admiral Holliday, to establish at Mare Island and Bremerton two large navy yards.

BELONGS IN PORTSMOUTH

Bust Boston Firm is Trying to Gobble Some Business

Some Boston house seems to have an eye for business.

On Monday afternoon a strange man was busy at the depot interviewing the several sailors discharged from the battleship Maine.

It was learned later that the man represented a Boston business house and was sent here to reach the men in the interest of the firm as they came to the depot. He had something interesting to say to everyone and told them what the firm would do in the way of fitting them out with clothing etc. He was here again today and evidently did some business.

ELIOT

The Eliot, Kittery and York Sunday school Association will hold sessions at the Eliot Congregational church on Wednesday, Oct. 21, with the following program:

Forenoon at 10.00: Devotional service, Rev. J. E. Clancy; business; How to manage cradle roll department and get them all into the Sunday school Miss Rebecca Parsons; discussion; How to get young men and women into the Sunday school, Mr. H. P. Abbott; discussion.

Noon: Basket luncheon.

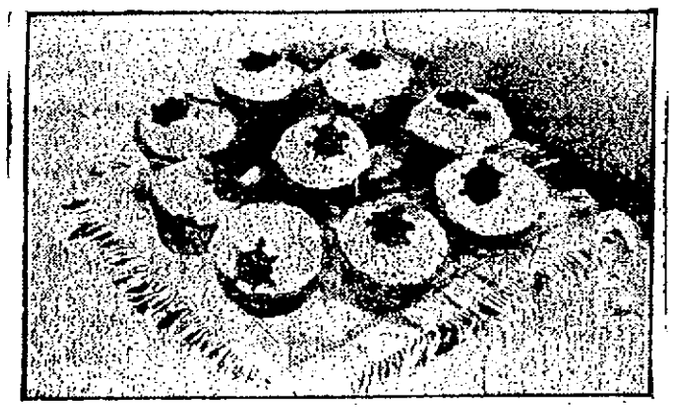
Afternoon at 1.15: Executive Committee meeting.

Afternoon at 1.30: Devotional service Rev. E. T. Pitts; business, Resources of the Bible School, Rev. E. H. Macy; discussion; The best way to provide sufficient substitute teachers, Mr. Willis G. Moulton; How best to get children to become members of the Sunday School, Mr. L. E. Emery; discussion; benediction.

If you haven't the time to exercise regularly, Doan's Regulets will prevent constipation. They induce a mild, easy, healthful action of the bowels without griping. Ask your druggist for them. 25c.

There is no local news missed after reading the Herald every day.

Good Things To Eat



TURTLE CAKES.

Bake a good cake mixture in patty or muffin tins. If the child guests are very young a sponge cake is best of all. For this cake beat the yolks of six eggs until thick, add two cups of powdered sugar and beat until a light, smooth mass; add the juice and grated rind of one lemon, then fold in lightly two cups of flour which have been sifted twice with two level teaspoons of baking powder and last fold in the stiffly beaten whites of six eggs. Bake in small tins in a moderate oven. Be careful not to stir the cake after putting in the flour and white of egg, but fold both in by strokes across the bowl and deep enough to touch the bottom of the dish; in this way the air cells are not broken and the cakes will be much lighter.

If a rich cup cake is liked beat one-half cup of butter and one and one-half cups of fine granulated sugar to a cream; add the beaten yolks of four eggs. Now add alternately one cup of milk and two and one-half cups of flour. When the mass is smooth stir in one-half cup of flour in which four level teaspoons of baking powder are mixed and last the stiffly beaten whites of four eggs.

Cover the small cakes with a white frosting and ornament with turtles made from large layer raisins. Stick whole cloves in for head and feet and a clove stem for the tail.

GREAT DAY FOR THE YARD

Congressman Sulloway Says Maine's Arrival Marks a New Era

"I suppose you are pleased with the coming of the battleship Maine to the Portsmouth navy yard today," said a representative of the Manchester Union to Congressman Cyrus A. Sulloway.

"Pleased," vigorously replied the Tall Pine, "I should say that I was. I am more than delighted over the entrance of the first great battleship to the Portsmouth navy yard, for it means that hereafter anything that floats we can ask and demand be sent there for repairs. We have always been held up by the navy department when we asked for a big ship for repairs, for the reason that the department has always had a horror of the possible dangers of Henderson's Point. While I have never shared this fear, the department never felt like taking any chances with one of our great and expensive battleships; but now that the point has been so successfully removed and we have the Maine there, it marks the beginning of a new era for the Portsmouth yard, which, as I have always contended, is to be the great naval depot of the Atlantic in the future.

"Every member of the delegation in Congress can go to work with more zest and earnestness than ever now, and I am going back to Washington in December and begin an an active campaign for another great dry dock at the yard, the largest yet constructed in the world, and big enough to meet all demands of the future as well as the present. I have been told that the department now regards the Portsmouth dock as one of the best and I want another, to be the biggest and best.

"It is a great day for the Portsmouth yard."

WORTH KNOWING

To remove Pimples, Blackheads, Blotches and all forms of Skin eruptions, is, according to a well known Physician, a very easy matter; he says that many are afflicted with some one of the above ailments, and are subject to a great deal of embarrassment on account of the unsightly appearance which they present, and recommends the following simple harmless and inexpensive treatment. Go to your Druggist and get this prescription filled: Glycerol one-half ounce, Ether one ounce, Alcohol seven ounces, mix, shake well and apply to the parts affected night and morning, allowing it to remain on the skin at least ten minutes, then wipe off the powder from the skin. Use a soft cloth or sponge in applying the mixture and in from ten days to two weeks your face will be smooth and clear as a marriage bell. Get the Pure Glycerol, which is only put up in one-half ounce packages. Ask to see it.

NOTICE

Would you like a good Street or Stable Blanket for your Horse. If so now is the time to buy as I am cleaning out all the Blankets that were carried over from last year to make room for new goods and I am going to sell at cost to do it. This is your chance to save money and get blankets at cost. Come in and look them over at the Horsemen's Bazaar, 29 Congress St., C. P. Bridle, Prop.

OLD FASHIONED HUSKING

Enjoyable Occasion at Mr. Packard's Farm in Newington

One of the most enjoyable occasions in Newington for years was a husking party at the home of Stillman Packard on Saturday evening.

At an early hour about one hundred fiends and neighbors arrived and at nine o'clock nearly three hundred bushels of golden ears had been husked, after which the merry party retired to the house where Mrs. Packard had prepared a bounteous spread including baked beans and pumpkin pies, which go to make up the old fashioned husking supper.

After supper games were in order and several pleasing vocal selections were given by Mrs. Katherine Badger, Ralph Nowell and Dick Pray, also a whistling solo by Miss Lucy Pray helped to make up the very pleasant evening.

One very perplexing feature of the evening was the fact that the red ears were monopolized by a well known milkman and a Newington school teacher and the boys are wondering if Lou did all of the husking or brought them with him.

After wishing Stillman a prosperous year and, hoping he would plant his entire farm to corn in 1909, the party reluctantly departed in time to escape being out on Sunday morning.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION

There are three good reasons why the Youth's Companion makes one of the best gift for Christmas time, for a birthday, for any occasion when a present is in order.

It never fails to give pleasure. There is something in every issue of the Companion for every member of the family. The children never pass it by, and the parents are restless until the children reluctantly put it down to go to bed.

It is easy to order by mail. You need not go through the vexation of Christmas shopping to make a present of the Companion. Sit down in the quiet of your own home and send the subscription. The Companion will be delivered wherever you say, on Christmas morning.

It comes every week in the year. Nine out of ten Christmas presents lose their novelty by New Year's. The Companion provides a continual pleasure, for it is renewed 52 times until Christmas comes again. Is there no other present equal to it that costs so little—$1.75?

The new Subscriber receives free the double holiday numbers and the Companion's calender for 1909, "Grandmother's Garden," lithographed in 13 colors.

Full Illustrated Announcement of the new volume for 1909 will be sent with sample copies of the paper to any address free.

The Youth's Companion, 144 Berkeley Street, Boston, Mass.

LOSES 150 NUMBERS

Lieutenant Evans Found Guilty of Two Charges

Lieut Frank T. Evans of the battleship Louisiana, who recently was courtmartialed on a charge of absenting himself from his post while officer of the deck, disrespect to his superior officers and intoxication, has been found guilty of the two former charges. Rear Admiral Sperry received the papers while the battleships were at Manila, and has just announced his verdict.

The sentence pronounced provides that Lieutenant Evans shall lose 150 numbers and shall be publicly reprimanded. The commander-in-chief adds that in his opinion the sentence is inadequate, but has approved it in order that Evans shall not entirely escape punishment.

FOUND HER HUSBAND

Saco Woman Discovered That He Had Come to Portsmouth

On Monday, a woman from Saco came here and reported to the police that her husband had left her and as she understood was in this city where he was again married to a Portsmouth woman.

The police went to work on the matter and soon found the husband of the woman and brought them both together.

It developed that the Saco woman had been misinformed by another woman in this city, and it was learned that the man was not bigamously married as reported.

The police extended their advice to the man and his wife and the matter was fixed up to the extent that they agreed to live together and drop the matter that had kept them apart.

MR TUTTLE'S FUNERAL

The body of Charles W. Tuttle, who was killed on the railroad Saturday night, was taken to Greenland on Monday afternoon by undertaker O. W. Ham.

The funeral was conducted at Greenland by Rev. Edward Rohde. The burial was in the Greenland cemetery.

Always boom Portsmouth. Get the Herald's spirit of booming. Portsmouth—Portsmouth first, last and all the time.

Want Ads.

SUCH AS

For Sale, Wanted, To Let, Lost, Found, etc., one cent a word for each insertion.

3 LINES ONE WEEK 40 CENTS.

TO LET—Tenement No. 23 Austin street containing modern improvements. Enquire of Albert R. Junkins, 53 Middle street. c,h,o16,1w

A BARGAIN. For sale in South Eliot, three minutes walk from cars, near river, a two-story frame house with good cellar, 3-4 acres land, 14 apple trees, cherry and pear trees. Also a farm of sixty acres in Eliot. Apply to George O. Athorne, South Eliot, Me. O16he1w

FOR SALE—Large grocers' coffee mill, also a one hundred gallon kerosene tank and fittings; new and second-hand clothing, light and heavy overcoats. Pictures and picture frames at low prices. Call and see them. J. M. Slaughter, 58 Market St. O17h1w

WANTED—Subscriptions to any and all magazines. I make a specialty of quoting prices to magazine clubs. Patronize your home agency. Dimick's Subscription Agency, Portsmouth, N. H. o16,tf

The man who advertises is the man who realizes, and the Chronicle is the paper to use.

FOR RENT—Two desirable tenements on Richard avenue. Apply to C. Dwight Hanscom, 8 Congress street, or telephone 283-4, 3 Myrtle avenue. c,h,S12,tf

TO LET—Stores, and storage for furniture etc. Apply to H. A. Clark & Co., Commercial wharf tf.

FOR SALE—Large bank desk formerly used at Portsmouth Savings Bank. Inquire at this office.

PLACARDS—For Sale, To Let Furnished Rooms, etc., can be had at the Chronicle office.

WHIST SCORE CARDS—For sale at this office.

FOR SALE—Electric motors; one 12 horse power, one 3 horse power, inquire at this office

WANTED—A good place on a farm for a boy 16 years old. Apply between the hours of 2.30 to 3.30 and 6 until 9 p. m. to Mrs. Anna Jenness, 55 1-2 Rear Court street, Portsmouth

FOR SALE—Quantity of iron grating such as used in banks. Inquire at this office. tf.

WANTED—To buy small second hand Cash register. Inquire at this office. c,h,t,f.

FOR SALE—Rambler runabout automobile in good shape, price $350. Inquire of F. W. Wheeler, No. 3 Orchard street. O20he1w

FOR SALE—A dozen second hand doors. Inquire at this office. tf.

FOUND—Set of false teeth on Vaughn st. Owner can have same by calling at the Chronicle office and paying cost of advertising. c,h,J,21,tf.

LOST—On Saturday evening, at Music Hall, a silver purse containing a sum of money. Finder please return to this office. Reward offered.

PRINTING—Get estimates from the Chronicle on all kinds of work.

An advertisement in the Chronicle will bring results.

Book Binding
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Blank Books Made to Order.
J. D. RANDALL,
Over Beane's Store, Congress St.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

KELLEY, HARDING, & HATCH
LAWYERS
JOHN W. KELLEY, ROBERT H. HARDING
ALBERT R. HATCH
13 PLEASANT ST., OPP. POST OFFICE
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

F. S. TOWLE, M. D
Physician and Surgeon
84 STATE ST., PORTSMOUTH, N. H
Office Hours—Until 9 a. m., 1 to 4 and 7 to 9 p. m.

INSURANCE
of Every Description
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Real Estate Bought, Sold, Rented
Rents promptly collected
We make a specialty of summer Homes
Surety Bonds of all kinds.

Agent for Granite State Fire Ins. Co. of Portsmouth, N. H.
Portsmouth Fire Assoc. of Portsmouth N. H.
Agricultural Ins. Co., of Watertown New York.
Germania Fire Ins. Co., of New York
North British & Mercantile Ins. Co. of London and Edinburgh.
Williamsburgh City Fire Ins. Co., of Brooklyn, N. Y.
Old Colony Ins. Co., of Boson, Mass.
Frankfort Marine, Accident and Plate Glass Ins. Co., of Frankfort-on-the-Main, Germany, and (Liability Department).
Aetna Life Ins. Co. of Hartford, Conn. (Accident and Liability Departments).
Lloyds Plate Glass Ins. Co., of N. Y.
Penn Mutual Life Ins. Co., of Philadelphia, Pa.
John Hancock Mutual Life Ins. Co. of Boston, Mass.
Connecticut Mutual Life Ins. Co., of Hartford, Conn.
The Title Guaranty and Surety Co. of Scranton, Pa.
Agency established 1863

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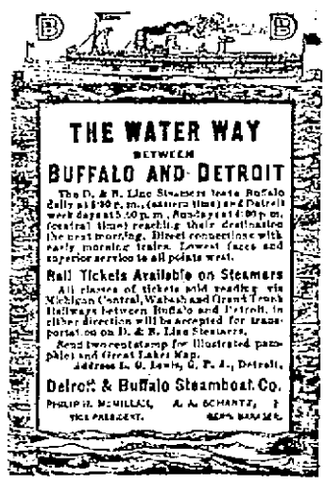
16 Market Square

Granite State Fire Insurance Co
Of Portsmouth, N. H
Paid-Up Capital, $200,000
OFFICERS
CALVIN PAGE, President.
J. ALBERT WALKER, Vice President.
ALFRED F. HOWARD, Secretary
JOHN W. EMERY, Asst. Secretary.

HOUSE LOTS FOR SALE
Three lots, each having a frontage of 50 feet with depth of 100 feet, situated on South St., near Lafayette Road.
C. E. TRAFTON,
Real Estate Agent,
PORTSMOUTH, N. H



KITTERY LETTER

Vessels Go Out on Good Wind

William Dean Howells Closes Cottage

Departure of Other Visitors Who Lingered Late

Odd Fellow and Rebekah Delegates Gone to Bangor

Kittery, Me., Oct. 20.

The members of the degree staff of York Rebekah Lodge are to hold a harvest supper and dance in Grange Hall, Oct. 29, and the well known reputation of the Rebekahs is assurance of a good time.

Mrs. Leslie Williams and Mrs. Fed Maybe leave tomorrow for a few days visit with friends in Boston.

Mrs. Arthur Lewis, who has been visiting friends in town, has returend to her home in Lynn, Mass.

Mrs. Julia Perkins of York was the guest of her daughter, Mrs. George Hill of Love lane, over Sunday.

Miss Marie Sherborn, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Frank Call, for several weeks, has returned to her home in North Berwick.

Miss Hattie Bryant of Berwick was the guest of Mrs. Richard Rogers over Sunday.

Mr. Richard Rogers is having a bathroom and hot water heater installed in his house on the Rogers road.

York Rebekah Lodge will have a drill in Odd Fellows' Hall tomorrow evening.

Miss Farwell and Mrs. Chick, teachers at the Wentworth school, visited the schools in Newburyport, Mass., yesterday.

Mrs. Frank Riley of North Kittery has been visiting her daughter Mrs. William Blake.

Miss Almenia McIntire and Mrs. Iona Call left for Bangor on Monday as delegates to the Rebekah state assembly from York Rebekah Lodge, No. 3. Mr. Fred Dinsmore will attend the grand lodge of Odd Fellows at the same place as a delegate from Riverside Lodge of Odd Fellows, No. 72.

Whipple Lodge of Good Templars has the regular meeting in Grange Hall tomorrow evening.

Order the Herald delivered at your home for three months for one dollar, getting all the local news.

Mrs. J. A. Stover leaves today for West Roxbury, Mass., to pass the winter with her daughter, Mrs. J. C. Simpson.

Mr. G. H. D. L'Amoreaux is reported to be getting along nicely since his surgical operation.

Miss Mattie Bragdon of Saco is visiting Miss Carrie Stevens of Government street.

There will be a special meeting tonight in Hayes block of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Sons of Veterans, in preparation for drill and inspection of next week.

Lieutenant and Mrs. Whitehead of the United States ship Maine are guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Farwell.

Mr. and Mrs. James Leamy, who have been passing the summer in town, have returned to their home in Syracuse, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Ansel W. Payne have returned to their home in Buffalo, N. Y.

Mr. Frank E. Donnell of Central street is confined to his home by illness.

Read the Herald for all the latest local news.

At the meeting of the New Hampshire Teachers' Association, held at Manchester on Saturday, J. Wilson Hobbs, principal of the Portsmouth High school, was elected a member of the education council for three years.

The semi-annual meeting of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the Methodist church will be held in Kennebunk on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Grant were recent visitors in Boston.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union will meet on Wednesday at 2.30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Charles Trafton on Love lane.

Mr. Ned Shapleigh spent Sunday in town with his parents.

Don't forget the musicale and sale to be held on Friday evening at the Second Christian church to the benefit of the piano fund of the Wentworth school.

Mr. Martin Werne of Locke's Cove, who has recently been promoted to chief gunner's mate on the Birmingham, Boston, has been enjoying a visit home.

Kittery Point

Mr. and Mrs. Everard J. Moulton returned today from a wedding trip to New York and will occupy their new residence Locust Lodge on the Spruce Creek road.

James Downing of Burlington, Vt., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Wallace S. Chase.

Miss Dorothy Foster of Portsmouth was the guest of Miss Anna Decatur on Monday.

Wilbur Randall has returned from a visit in Somerville, Mass.

Miss Annie Morrison is visiting in Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. Morrell Norton are visiting relatives in York.

Commodore Emory R. Currier of the Kittery Yacht Club has placed his sloop yacht Tulsco out of commission for the winter.

Dow's dancing school will be in session in Frisbee's Hall this evening and other Tuesday evenings through the season.

A harvest supper will be given this evening at the home of Elroy Moulton under the auspices of the First Christian church.

Schooner Lizzie J. Call, Capt. Ellery O. Garland, with 300 tons of coal from Perth Amboy for Henry W. Anderson of Exeter, was towed up river Monday afternoon by the tug Iva, Capt. Thomas Abrams.

A harvest supper will be given at the Kittery Yacht Club on Friday evening.

On Saturday evening will be held a Hallowe'en dance by girls of the Traipe Academy basketball team, at Wentworth Hall.

The four-master Edward E. Briry, which has been anchored outside for several days, and the three-master Josie R. Burt, which has made a number of ineffectual attempts to get out of the lower harbor, lost no time in taking advantage of the first breeze for a week on Monday and got under way for Baltimore and Newport News, respectively. The northeaster kicked up a heavy sea during the night and this morning a number of coasters had made port.

Mr. and Mrs. William Dean Howells and daughter Miss Mildred closed their cottage today and left for their home in New York via the Hotel Bellevue, Boston, where they will pass three weeks.

Mrs. J. W. Matthews, who has summered here, returned today to her home in New York.

Mrs. James Smith of Biddeford was the guest of friends here Sunday.

W. Clinton Chase passed Monday in Boston.

GOOD HOME REMEDY

Especially Valued by the Elderly People

PRESCRIPTION FOR RHEUMATISM IS SAID TO RELIEVE ALL.

The following prescription for the cure of rheumatism and kidney and bladder troubles has no doubt been filled millions of times, viz.: Fluid Extract Dandelion, one-half ounce; Compound Kargon, one ounce; Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla, three ounces. These simple, harmless ingredients can be obtained at any good prescription pharmacy at little cost and are mixed by shaking well in a bottle.

The dose for adults is a teaspoonful after each meal and at bedtime, drinking a full tumblerful of water after each dose. It is stated that this prescription is a positive remedy for kidney trouble and lame back, weak bladder and urinary difficulties, especially of the elderly people, and one of the best things to be used in rheumatic afflictions, relieving the aches and pains and reducing swellings.

A well known authority states that this mixture acts directly upon the eliminative tissues of the kidneys; cleanses these spongelike organs and gives them power to sift and strain the poisonous waste matter and uric acid from the blood which is the cause of rheumatism.

If your back or sides ache and you suspect kidney trouble it would be wise to try this for a few days.

DARTMOUTH COLLEGE

The trustees of Dartmouth College have taken action in regard to what is known as the "Associated Schools" looking toward a closer identification with the college. The medical school which was established in 1798 has been at various times practically detached from the college. A few years since it was more formally taken over by the trustees—the curriculum lengthened to four years with additions otherwise made to the school. Recently the material equipment of the school has been very much increased through the building of the Nathan Smith laboratory, and through changes in the requirements for admission. Though most of the medical students have been graduates of colleges, the requirement is now absolute that two years of college work in specified courses must be presented. It has also been made possible for a college student looking toward the degree of B. S. to matriculate in the medical school at the beginning of his junior year, though still carrying certain college courses. A candidate for the degree of A. B. must take the full four years' course except in unusual cases where he may matriculate at the beginning of senior year.

The Thayer School of Civil Engineering founded by General Sylvanus Thayer "The Father of the Military Academy at West Point" has been in charge of a self perpetuating board of overseers chiefly of West Point men. The trustees have had charge of the funds of the school. Hereafter there will be a closer relationship between the two boards, both in respect to the raising of funds for the school and in administration.

On the other hand the Amos Tuck School of Administration and Finance, which was one of the first schools to insist upon graduate work for college students going into business, has been given more definite organization. The dividing line between advanced economics and courses in the school has been more clearly established and the Tuck School faculty has been more thoroughly unified. A much larger proportion of the faculty no longer does any work immediately related to the college.

These various schools, though closely affiliated with the college and under the general management of the trustees, are not regarded or treated as the nucleus of a university.

The directory of the college prepared in the registrar's office for local uses gives the following enrolment of students: Seniors 208, juniors 251 sophomores 327, freshmen 332; total enrolment of undergraduates 1118; enrolment of graduate students chiefly in the associated schools 89; total enrolment 1207. The enrolment last year was 1188.

The following facts are given out from the dean's office in reference to the entering class. From the number of those applying by examination or through certificate twenty withdrew during the examinations and thirty-six were rejected. Forty-five who were admitted did not enter chiefly for financial reasons. Of the total number admitted, 68 per cent were without conditions, a somewhat larger proportion than heretofore. No special students have been admitted during the past five years. The entering classes of each year show a wider distribution of students from the different sections of the country.

THAT FRANKFURT EATER

Business Was Good With Jack Holland Until the Gang Gathered Then it Was All Off

The man who nearly put Jack Holland out of business recently by devouring twenty-six frankfurts in a short space of time came back to Jack's stand again today and was making great headway with another job, in hopes of beating his eating record of last week when he put away twenty-six of the hot sausages without any apparent exertion. However, the crowd wanted to see how he did it and surrounded Jack and his customer, which made him bashful and he fell behind the mark, masticating only fifteen.

Jack says there will be no more public exhibitions on the corner and the next time he has a rush this gent will eat behind closed doors.

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Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Color and Beauty.

No matter how long it has been gray or faded. Promotes a luxuriant growth of healthy hair. Stops its falling out, **and positively removes Dandruff.** Keeps hair soft and glossy. Refuse all substitutes. 2½ times as much in $1.00 as 50c. size. **Is Not a Dye.**

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Hay's Harfina Soap cures Pimples, red, rough and chapped hands, and all skin diseases. Keeps skin fine and soft. 25c. druggists. Send 2c for free book "The Care of the Skin."

PHILBRICK PHAR., Portsmouth;
Weeks & Seaward, Exeter.

FROM EXETER

Col. Quinby At Town Hall Tonight

Mr. Stackpole's Rough Vacation Time

Town Has Its Share of the General Smokiness

The Latest Notes About the Local Football Affairs

Exeter, Oct. 20.

The Republican rally in the Town hall tonight will, from all indications, be one of the largest and most enthusiastic gatherings held here in some time. Colonel Henry B. Quinby, nominee for governor and Senator Gallinger, the speakers, are both orators of ability and have a faculty of drawing large crowds wherever they appear in the interests of the part. Many who are disinterested politically will attend to hear the vocal efforts of Prof. A. J. Maxam who sings political parodies of popular songs. The Exeter Band will furnish music for the evening. At 7.30 seventy-five, who are specially invited, will meet Colonel Quinby and Senator Gallinger in the selectmen's room at the Town Hall. After the rally, Colonel Quinby will hold and informal reception and greet all who may care to meet him.

Charles Stackpole, Sr., is restricted from work by a severe attack of rheumatism. Mr. Stackpole was just enjoying the first vacation he had taken in thirteen years when he was attacked by the malady.

Bobby Burch, who will be remembered as an old Exeter gridiron veteran, seems to be hopelessly out of the game at Yale for a time at least, and possibly for the rest of the season. Sustaining several injuries, and feeling that he could not, injured as he was, properly fulfill the position of captain Burch tendered his resignation, which was promptly and unanimously declined.

The team mean to retain him as captain even though he may be out of the remaining games.

William A. Hill, who suffered a stroke of paralysis on Saturday, is reported to be in no immediate danger, but it is possible that he will be unable to resume his work again at the Gale Brothers shoe factory.

Audrey Roads, who has a position in Boston, is visiting his brother, Herbert Roads, for a few days.

Edward Hart, halfback and captain of the Princeton freshmen, came to Exeter from the Andover game on Saturday and spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Hart.

Henry Burnell, of West Baldwin, Me., a member of the Cumberland County Republican Committee and prominently identified with the apple packing industry in Maine, was in Exeter yesterday reviewing the local apple market. Mr. Burnell is well known in political circles of the Pine Tree State and is very much interested in the present campaign in this state. He will attend the rally in the Town Hall tonight.

Herbert Roods has returned from a three-day visit to Boston and vicinity.

The cancellation of the Yale freshmen game on Wednesday is a great disappointment to local football lovers, as everybody wished to see that aggressive and speedy eleven in action.

A. T. Dudley, a civil engineer of Brentwood, was in Exeter yesterday.

The current Events Club met last night and discussed the following subjects: "China and Japan" and "Political Affairs in the United States."

Attorney T. H. Simes of Portsmouth was a visitor in town yesterday.

All day yesterday smoke hung heavily over Exeter, making objects at any distance partially indistinguishable. The greater part of the day was extremely hot and the deadness of the atmosphere made the heat still more oppressive.

Manager Rogers of the High school announces that he has practically concluded arrangements for a game with Dover High school for tomorrow on the Lincoln street grounds. This game should prove a great drawing card because the stock of the high school team took a big flight skyward after the Sanborn Seminary game. The Academy team has no games at home this week and tomorrow's contest being the only attraction should draw a big crowd. The team is showing a decided improvement and is getting snap and vigor into its play. The shift of Captain Doe from full to guard and the placing of Sleeper in his old position is working well.

The lineup is not definitely announced but the following men will probably start the game while every man on the squad with any qualifications whatever will be given a chance as Captain Doe is trying to get a line on the [illegible] men and to whip the team into shape for the annual "Dartmouth" game; M. Houston le, [illegible]; lg; Nay c; Doe rg; Lockert; Field re; Roods qb; J. Houston lhb; McNulty rhb; Sleeper fb.

The academy squad held its first secret practice of the year on Monday afternoon. The practice from now on will, for the greater part, be conducted behind closed gates and no one but those closely connected with the team will be allowed to witness the final stages of development of the team which will try to break the Andover string of football victories. Everybody is wishing Coach Glaze success for he has worked hard and faithfully with the team and if they go down in defeat Nov. 7 it will not be for lack of efficient coaching. The question is, can the Dartmouth star with weaker material accomplish what Hogan of Yale failed to in three years with a strong squad?

James H. Tattersall of Wehanownowit Tribe, No. 22, of the local order of Red Men, has been appointed deputy great sachem by James E. Chandler, great sachem of New Hampshire. Mr. Tattersall is appointed for the district which includes Massasoit No. 16, Portsmouth; Wehanownowit No. 23, Exeter, and Pocassett No. 45, Newmarket. The appointment meets with the approval of all the members of the tribes included in Mr. Tattersall's district, as well as others outside. He has been a member of the local lodge for a number of years and is especially adapted for the position because of long association with the order. Mr. Tattersall will enter upon the duties of his position at once. The period of incumbency is one year. The office of deputy great sachem is one of great inclusiveness and is attained only after a long membership. The incumbent of the position must be a man of ability and satisfactorily demonstrate his worth before he can be appointed.

The Phillips-Exeter Literary Monthly for October has been published and contains many articles of interest. Contributors are: H. W. Wesman on "The Exeter Spirit;" F. L. Samuels on "The Transformation of Jerald;" L. R. Decker, a poem on "Autumn;" P. H. Kruschwitz on "Success of Failure," and C. H. Wesman's prize composition at the Merrill contest last June on "Kipling's Short Stories." The board of editors is composed of Kruschwitz, Samuels and Wesman, while the business part is handled by M. F. Jene.

Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Coyle of Norwich, Conn., are visiting at his former home in town.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Chauncy Blake died from heart trouble Monday morning.

The admiral's salute to the battleship Maine on Monday as she entered Portsmouth harbor was plainly heard here.

The dry weather is greatly affecting the water supply of the town. Water works pond has dried up so that a person can easily walk across, and the inlets are rapidly diminishing. The hose supply was ordered to be discontinued about a month ago, and the wells are also showing the effects of the long continued absence of rain.

Itching piles provoke profanity, but profanity won't cure them. Doan's Ointment cures itching, bleeding or protruding piles after years of suffering. At any drug store.

There are many people here who have hard work in distinguishing the bells on the Christ and the Immaculate Conception churches.

Horse Shoeing

CARRIAGE WORK AND BLACKSMITHING.

your horse is not going right and see us. We charge nothing for examination and consultation.

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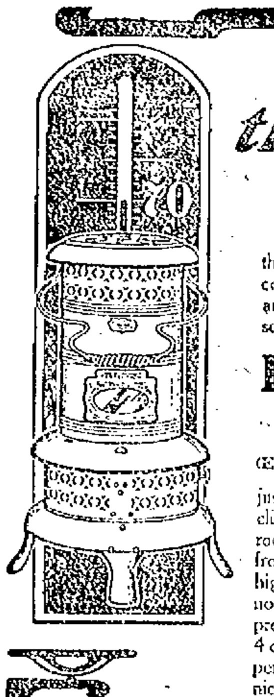
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75. Circular sent on request.



Makes the Mercury Climb

Alaska outside—Florida inside. When the blizzard comes it will be impossible to comfortably heat the cold rooms. Then, and during the months of "between seasons" you'll find a

PERFECTION Oil Heater

(Equipped with Smokeless Device)

just what you need to make the mercury climb. It's light enough to carry from room to room and gives direct glowing heat from every drop of fuel. Turn the wick high or low, there's no bother—no smoke—no smell—smokeless device prevents. Brass oil font holds 4 quarts burning 9 hours. Superbly finished in japan and nickel. Every heater warranted.

The **Rayo** Lamp makes a good companion for a long evening — brilliant, steady light—reading, sewing or fancy work doesn't tire the eyes. Made of brass, nickel plated, with latest improved central draft burner. Every lamp warranted. Write our nearest agency for descriptive circular if your dealer doesn't carry the Perfection Oil Heater or Rayo Lamp.

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WE ARE STILL SELLING OUR

Guaranteed Patent Leather Shoe for Men, $4.00.

Let us show you the famous "BURROJAP" Shoes. They are made in the newest shapes, and if the vamp breaks through before the first sole wears through, we will replace them with absolutely new shoes. "BURROJAP" Shoes cost no more than the ordinary kinds. Twenty-five bright new styles to select from.

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Fall Woolens

in all the latest shades.

Fall Overcoatings, Fancy Vestings and Trouserings

ARMY AND NAVY TAILORING.

CHARLES J. WOOD

5 PLEASANT STREET

TELEPHONE

Read The Herald And Keep Posted

MAKES WORK EASIER

Portsmouth People Are Pleased to Learn How It is Done

It's pretty hard to attend to duties
With a constantly aching back;
With annoying urinary disorders,
Doan's Kidney Pills make work easier.
They cure backache.
They cure every kidney ill.

Arlon A. Ballou, Machinist, 56 Pleasant St., Portsmouth, N. H., says: I think as highly of Doan's Kidney Pills today as when I first used them. For some time my kidneys were out of order and my back was very lame and painful. I finally became so bad that I could not attend to may work, as any quick movement would send twinges through my body. Doan's Kidney Pills procured from Philbrick's drug store came to my relief and I have had practically no trouble with my kidneys since. Whenever I hear anyone complaining of backache, I advise him to try Doan's Kidney Pills. I know of several persons who have acted on my suggestion and been benefited the same as I."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

A New Hotel at the Old Stand

$250,000 has just been spent

Remodeling, Refurnishing, and Redecorating the

HOTEL EMPIRE

Broadway, Empire Square & 63d St. NEW YORK CITY.

Restaurant and Service U[illegible]lled

Splendid Location

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All surface cars pass or transfer to door

Subway and "L" stations 2 minutes

Hotel fronting on three streets

Electric Clocks, Telephones and Automatic Lighting Devices in every room

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Actual increase for past nine months Two Million, Sixty-Eight Thousand. Factory, Manchester, N. H.

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ROOMS $1 a DAY and UPWARDS

Baggage to and from station free. Send 2-cent stamp for New York City Guidebook and Map.

REPUBLICAN RALLY AT MUSIC HALL

(Continued from first page)

drew their money from the banks, forced to by the hard times, while during the last business depression the saving bank depositors increased by three thousand instead of decreasing and today there were in the saving banks of the state the great amount of $87,689,165.98, figures that show not a panic but a great wave of prosperity.

He spoke of the republican candidate for Governor and said that no man in the state was more fitted for the position of governor than Hon. Henry B. Quinby of Laconia. He spoke of the reforms that the republican party had carried out during the past two years, and said that while the democrats were for the so called reform they had always voted against reform measures in the legislature. The democrats had ought to have endorsed the republican platform this year, for while everything good in the democrat platform was taken from the republican platform, everything that was original in their platform was bad. The democrats had nominated a man who after finding that the Remick's could not deliver the republican party over to him decided not to run and Clarence Carr was nominated. He was a good business man, but he was the New Hampshire representative of the biggest trust in the state, the hames trust, his firm making over 85 per cent of all that was made in the country. He ended by predicting that Col. Quinby would be elected by at least 10,000, and that the only loss would be Jim. Remick, the party still had Dan.

Mayor Hackett introduced Senator Gallinger, as one of the six leading men of the Senate, and the Senior Senator of New Hampshire got a warm reception when he arose to speak.

Senator Gallinger said that he had been elected so many times in the first week at rallies that he almost began to doubt his election. He said that he was always glad to address a Portsmouth audience. He had been campaigning since 1860, and had spoken at about every campaign since that time, but at the present time often wondered why there was a democrat at all in New England. He could understand why there were in the South, but it was beyond him why there should be in this state. But there were and they had Mr. Clarence Carr as their candidate. For Mr. Carr he had nothing but the kindest feelings, he was a well known gentleman and a good business man, and if he cared to indulge in personalities it was because he could not seen any hopes but that. As far as he was concerned, he did not propose to indulge in personalities of any kind, but to discuss state and national issues relying upon the intelligence and fair mindness of the voters to render a verdict according to the facts.

The republican candidate Mr. Quinby had been attacked on every side by the democrats, who even questioned his integrity. One would gather from Mr. Carr, that if Mr. Quinby was elected he would be another Cromwell, to lash the legislature into doing his bidding, but he would simply send a message to the legislature recommending certain laws, and he would sign every law that would consist with the Republican platform. Col. Quinby had not stooped to answer these attacks and he was proud of his attitude in the matter.

New Hampshire was the best state in the Union. It showed an increase in population since 1850 of thirty-three per cent, and it had increased in saving bank deposits over five hundred times. In 1850 we had $[illegible] invested in manufactories, in proportion to population we were exceeded by only four states, Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Jersey and Rhode Island. In 1900 we paid in wages in our industrial establishments $27,620,247 on the same basis only exceeded by two states. In 1907 the report of the Commissioner of Labor shows an [illegible] in manufactories of $[illegible] an increase of almost $[illegible] since 1900. That was a magnificent record and the saving bank record further added to the glory of the record of the state, for we have the largest amount in saving banks per capita than any other state in the union, with the exception of Connecticut and Massachusetts. The state has been governed for half a century with the exception of two years by the democrats, by the republican party, and no scandals mar its record. The Democrats in the two years they were in power made the famous bond issue, which cost the state more than a million dollars in interest, enough to wipe out the state debt. Last year the state tax was $500,000 and we paid back to the towns $847,000. We expended last year for charities and [illegible] purposes and good roads $[illegible],

surely nobody need apologize for a state with such a record. This is a progressive age and the state will not be backwards. Col Quinby stands on a progressive platform, which will be crystalize into laws next winter by the Republican Legislature.

In regards to the national issues the democrats have nominated Mr. Bryan again. Now Mr. Bryan is a good man and honest and believes certain things, but he is a dreamer. He lives in a highly rarified political atmosphere, where he dreams and speculates on great subjects, which he never fully solves. He is an idealist, not a practical man. He has been designated as the prophet of unrest and the disciple of discontent. The second verse of the 21st chapter of 1st Samuel describes him well. "And every one that was in distress, and every one that was in debt, and every one that was discontented, gathered themselves into him, and he became a captain over them, and there were with him about four hundred."

Senator Gallinger then went on to show the record of Mr. Bryan, taking in turn his various policies and showing what would have been the effect on the business of the country had they been carried out. He dwelt on his late fallacies and showed in what way that Bryan had never worked them out to see what would be the effect on the country if they were adopted. He said, "I like the doctrine of Secretary Taft, the next president of the United States, better than that of Mr. Bryan. Secretary Taft in a recent speech said, 'The present business system of the country rests on the protective tariff, and any attempt to change it to a free trade basis will certainly lead to disaster.' "

Which do you prefer of the two platforms, the democratic, which states, 'We favor immediate revision of the tariff by the reduction of import duties,' or the republican which says, "In all tariff legislation the true principal of protection is best maintained by the imposition of such duties as will equal the difference between the cost of production at home and abroad, together with a reasonable profit to American industries."

The senator spoke at some length then on the effect of the free trade policy, that had still been allowed to apply to the shipping interest of the country. A free trade system that had driven that industry from this. Years ago this city had out ships that were the pride of the country, but with the advent of iron and steel England and other countries could build ships cheaper, and could man them cheaper, with the result that outside of the coast wise trade the foreign ships did all of the carrying of American commerce. He called attention to the fact that it was foreign ships that were acting as tenders to the big fleet on its trip around the world, a condition that was both a disgrace and a menace to the country.

It was gratifying to him he said to hear that the big battleship Maine under her own steam had come up to the navy yard, over Henderson's Point, and it was a great triumph after what had been said about the yard, and it would put it at least on a footing with every yard in the country.

The record of the republican party challenges critism. Through all its history it has stood for the policy of protection to American industries and American labor. It has stood and it does stand for sound money, that every dollar, whether gold, silver or paper being as good as every other dollar. It stands for justice and generosity toward the soldiers of the republic.

It stands for a strong navy, for liberty for Cuba, for justice to the Filipines, for a square deal to every American citizen and for honorable peace with all nations of the world. In all matters relating to labor its record is magnificent. Almost every law on the statute books relating to labor including the eight hour law, was put there by the republicans.

The republican party is a party of law and order. It stands for the Constitution as it is, with all its checks, balances and safeguards, to be changed only by the soverign people in the way the Father's provided. It stands for constitutional representative government, for the equality of all citizens before the law, regardless of race, color, previous condition or amount of possessions, for the rights of private property, for the honest elections North and South, to the end that the people may rule, and finally it stands for faith in American institutions and their success, and faith in the continued progress and the destiny of the Republic.

On that platform all patriotic men men ought to be willing to stand.

Following Senator Gallinger able address three cheers were given for Taft and Sherman, for Hon. H. B. Quinby and for the Grand Old Party, the cheering being led by Mayor Hackett.

Kodol

For Dyspepsia and Indigestion

If you Suffer from Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Gas on the Stomach, Belching, Sour Stomach, Heart-burn, etc., a little Kodol will Relieve you almost Instantly

Kodol supplies the same digestive juices that are found in a healthy stomach. Being a liquid, it starts digestion at once.

Kodol not only digests your food, but helps you enjoy every mouthful you eat.

You need a sufficient amount of good, wholesome food to maintain strength and health.

But, this food must be digested thoroughly, otherwise the pains of indigestion and dyspepsia are the result.

When your stomach cannot do its work properly, take something to help your stomach. Kodol is the only thing that will give the stomach complete rest.

Why? Because Kodol does the same work as a strong stomach, and does it in a natural way.

So, don't neglect your stomach. Don't become a chronic dyspeptic. Keep your stomach healthy and strong by taking a little Kodol. You don't have to take Kodol all the time. You only take it when you need it.

Kodol is perfectly harmless.

Our Guarantee

Go to your druggist today and get a dollar bottle. Then after you have used the entire contents of the bottle if you can honestly say that it has not done you any good, return the bottle to the druggist and he will refund your money without question or delay. We will then pay the druggist. Don't hesitate, all druggists know that our guarantee is good. This offer applies to the large bottle only and to but one in a family. The large bottle contains 2½ times as much as the fifty cent bottle.

Kodol is prepared at the laboratories of E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

DAILY FASHION TALKS

BY MAY MANTON

FOR THE TINY FOLK.

THERE is no head covering so well adapted to the wee child during the colder weather as the close fitting cap. It means protection for the ears as well as for the head and it is thoroughly snug and comfortable. Here are three that can be made from silk or from wool material and trimmed after various methods. The plain little Dutch cap is always pretty and attractive and requires only a ruche or a band of fur at the front edge with resettes at the ears. The Normandy cap, with its full crown, is prettier when the brim is made of something in contrast or embroidered, as in this instance, and the pretty little cap with pointed revers is exceedingly effective when similarly treated. In the illustration the crown is made of silk and the revers of heavy all-over lace but velvet with an edge of fur will be pretty a little later and for immediate use the material embroidered or braided with soutache or anything of the sort can be utilized. The fancy caps are both made over foundations that are cut after the pattern for the plain one and all are so simple and easy to make that every mother will be able to provide several for the little one's winter outfit without the least trouble.

For the four year size will be required for any cap ½ yard of material 21, ½ yard 36 or 44 inches wide with ¼ yard 18 inches wide for the trimming and crown for the Normandy cap or the revers of the fancy cap, 3 yards of ribbon for rosettes, 1½ yards of bands. A May Manton pattern, No. 6107, sizes 2, 4 and 6 years, will be mailed to any address by the Fashion Department of this paper on receipt of ten cents. (If in haste send an additional two cent stamp for letter postage which insures more prompt delivery.

HERE'S NEW KIND OF BURGLAR.

Leaves Typewritten Note of Explanation and Also Appreciation.

France has a fairly representative selection of burglars and other criminals, but the typewriter burglar is a novelty.

He broke into a flat of an apartment house in Toulouse the other day and left the following letter neatly typewritten on a machine in the room:

"Dear Sir and Colleague—I think by your untidiness that you are not a lady, but untidiness means a busy man. So I congratulate you. I can see that you are a professional typist, like myself, and guessing that you were one I looked into your box of papers for your keys and naturally found them there.

"I have emptied the drawers of your table, out of which I have taken fr. 2.10 (41 cents). This is a low price for an evening's work, but I have also carried off some of your work, which I will study at my leisure.

"Some of your translations are quite good; I do a little of it myself in my spare moments. I am not taking your machine, for you and I know how very nearly impossible it is to sell a second-hand typewriter.

"You will forgive me, my dear colleague, for not signing this letter, and you need not fear a return visit from me. There is nothing worth taking in your rooms."

WORTHY OF FLAG SHE CARRIED.

Historic Incident Participated In by American Warship.

Of the old sloop of war St. Mary's, now to be consigned in her sixty-fifth year to the tender mercies of the auction, it is written that she bore no conspicuous part in war in all her long service. This may be true, but the St. Mary's was once associated with an event which is worthy of commemoration. Under the command of the late Capt. Colvocoresses she was the means, 40 or more years ago, of postponing the bombardment of Valparaiso by the Spanish fleet. She was anchored before the city, and the Spanish admiral hinted that she was in the line of fire. Capt. Colvocoresses remarked that he was perfectly satisfied with his berth, and that while the St. Mary's carried but 22 guns, she represented a navy that had 2,200 guns at sea. Valparaiso was eventually bombarded, but not while Capt. Colvocoresses was present. The peculiar name of the ship commemorates an early colonial capital of Maryland. It was given in the same spirit of historical association as was illustrated by the Jamestown and the Plymouth, her sister ships.

St. James' Day.

According to a saying that has long been current in London, "Whoever eats oysters on St. James' day will never want money." As a result Londoners, under the effect of this old superstition, begin to eat oysters on the 25th of July, instead of waiting for the coming of the first month with the "R." So far as can be ascertained, it makes no difference whether the oysters are eaten raw or cooked. —Circle.

MAKING ICE CREAM

PROCESS NOT DIFFICULT WITH PROPER CARE.

Having Correct Proportions of Ice and Salt Is a Necessity—Freezing Pot and Dasher Must Be Kept Clean.

The Housekeeper repeats good advice in regard to making ice cream. It is not at all difficult to make good ice cream if one is just a little careful to have the ice and salt in correct proportions and properly pounded. Time is not saved by using the ice in too large pieces, as when it is coarsely crushed it takes the cream much longer to freeze. Both the ice and salt should be finely crushed and each layer packed down very firmly. One part of ice to three of salt is the usual allowance, and it is better to measure both to insure proper proportions. Rock salt is the best, although ordinary barrel salt does very well and is more easily obtained in small places.

The freezing pot and dasher should be thoroughly cleansed and sterilized each time after it has been used, and again sterilized just before it is to be used again unless there has been a very short interval between. Put the freezer in position and place a three-inch layer of finely crushed ice in the tub, cover with one of salt, and alternate these layers, packing each down hard, until the freezing mixture is a few inches above the cream in the can.

At first the crank should be turned slowly, then, as the cream hardens, more rapidly. When it becomes difficult to turn remove the beater, and stir the cream thoroughly with a strong porcelain or granite spoon. Press it smoothly down, cover, put a cork in the hole where the beater belongs, remove the lower plug and draw off the water. Pack as before with fresh ice and salt, cover with a piece of blanket or carpet, and set aside for an hour or longer to ripen. Three or four hours will not be too long.

The easiest way to break the ice is to put it in a strong bag and pound it vigorously with a strong hammer or mallet. Ice cream may be made from either a cooked or uncooked mixture. For a delicious uncooked ice cream scald a quart of thin sweet cream and dissolve in it 1½ cupfuls of sugar, add a quart of cold cream, two eggs well beaten and two tablespoonfuls of vanilla. Freeze and pack as directed. This is called Philadelphia ice cream, and is often made without eggs.

Creamed Cucumbers.

Peel two or three large cucumbers and cut very fine with a sharp knife or run through the coarsest knives of the meat chopper. Drain off the liquid, but do not press.

Rub a bowl with a clove of garlic; put in the minced cucumbers and season with cayenne pepper, black pepper, salt, a teaspoonful of onion juice and the strained juice of half a small lemon.

Chill all the ingredients thoroughly and just before serving stir in half a cupful of thickly whipped cream.

This makes a nice sauce for serving with fish or is equally good put on the half shells. Serve one to each person and pass with soft shell crabs or broiled lobster at a luncheon.

Glazed Currant Buns.

Soften a cake of compressed yeast in half a cup of scalded and cooled milk, add to a pint of the same; stir in three cups of flour, beat till smooth, cover and set to rise; when light, add half a cup of sugar, half a cup of softened butter, a teaspoonful of salt, three eggs, a cup of cleaned currants and three cups of flour; knead until elastic and set to rise; when doubled in bulk, roll into a sheet and cut into rounds; let them stand a little distance apart on a baking sheet, and when doubled in bulk bake 25 minutes; brush over with a thin starch (a teaspoonful of cornstarch to a cup of boiling water), sprinkle thickly with granulated sugar and return to the oven to glaze.

Maine Blueberry Cake.

Sift three cupfuls flour and one-third cup sugar with a rounded teaspoonful cream of tartar and the same amount of soda. The extra amount of soda is to counteract the acidity of the berries. Put in two heaping tablespoonfuls butter, one beaten egg, a cup and a third of sweet milk and two cups blueberries dredged with flour. Bake in a shallow cake pan in a hot oven and serve hot for breakfast or supper with butter. The bread should be broken, not cut.

Plenty of Towels.

Have plenty of dish towels and a line or two on which to dry them. Have several sets of these cloths, two for china, two for glassware and three for the tin and crockeryware. Allow them to be used only for their legitimate branch of the dish washing and change once a week for clean ones all round. The dishes will look nicer and the towels will be more easily kept clean than if you go about it the usual way and wipe everything on the same cloth.

When Scaling Fish.

Put the fish in a deep pan and fill it with water. Then when you are ready to scale the fish hold the fish under water during the process and the scales will not fly in the face and all over the kitchen as they will when the fish is cleaned in the usual way. When the task is finished the scales, which will all have fallen to the bottom of the pan, can be easily turned out into the garbage after the water has been poured off them.

EGG PLANT IN TWO WAYS.

Stuffed or Escalloped, It Will Be Found Excellent.

Stuffed Egg Plant.—Cut the egg plant in two, lengthwise, and scrape out the pulp with a spoon, leaving the shell nearly half an inch thick so that it holds its shape. Cover the shells with boiling water, adding salt, and place the pan, covered, on the range, keeping it at almost the boiling point while preparing the filling. Allow the shell to become tender, but not soft. Chop the pulp rather fine, add to it one level teaspoonful of salt, a dash of pepper, and simmer in a tablespoonful of butter till soft, stirring to prevent burning. Add half a teaspoonful of grated onion, a scant half teacupful of minced cooked veal or chicken, half a teacupful of bread crumbs; mix well and fill the shells. Place them in a well buttered pan, sprinkle with grated bread crumbs, add a light sprinkling of salt and pepper and bits of butter. Bake for 45 minutes, having the tops nicely browned.

Escalloped Egg Plant.—Cut the egg plant lengthwise into quarter inch slices and cover with boiling salted water. When cool enough to handle, arrange half the slices on a well buttered baking dish; then add a layer of bread crumbs to which has been added a little finely minced parsley and salt and pepper to taste. Place the remaining slices upon these, sandwich fashion, pour melted butter over them, followed by a sprinkling of bread crumbs, lightly salted and peppered, and finish with a sprinkling of grated cheese. Bake in oven to a fine brown.

HOW TO MAKE COLD MEAT LOAF.

Far Better Than Any Warm Hash During the Summer.

"Avoid warm hashes in summer, and have in their place a meat loaf that can be served cold," writes Christine Terhune Herrick in Woman's Home Companion. "Chop your remnants of steak or roast fine, mix with them one-third as much cold boiled ham or tongue, season well, and add a couple of raw eggs beaten light. If rather dry, moisten with gravy or stock, turn into a greased mold with plain sides, cover, set on a baking pan with hot water about it, and bake for an hour. This loaf may also be made with raw beef, but then it must cook for two hours. Let it get very cold before turning out, and slice. Veal loaf may be prepared by this recipe, and even cold roast lamb may be treated in the same manner. The main point to be borne in mind is the seasoning. Be careful that this is well done and you will have a popular dish."

Cleaning Paints.

Oil-painted walls must be washed with soap and water, using a soft flannel cloth, and taking care to wring it well before using. Use cold water to finish, and dry well with linen duster.

Varnished woods should be rubbed with a chamois leather wrung out of cold water, then polished with soft duster.

To polish a varnished floor rub well with equal quantities of beeswax and turpentine. Another method is to take equal parts of olive oil and spirits of turpentine, wet a soft cloth with these, rub the wood hard, then rub with a dry cloth. This is also good for black walnut furniture and sewing machines.

Where paint is stained with smoke some ashes or potash lime may be used. A soft linen cloth should be used for wiping dry.

On Sweeping Day.

To prevent making a dust in sweeping, use moist sawdust on bare floors. If the room is carpeted, moisten a newspaper and tear it into small scraps and scatter upon the carpet before beginning to sweep. As you sweep, brush the papers along by the broom, and they will catch most of the dust and hold it fast. Be careful, however, not to have either sawdust or paper dripping wet. In dusting a room do not use a feather duster, because it does not remove the dust from the room, but only brushes it into the air, so that you breathe it in, or it settles down, and then you have to do the work over again.

Use soft, dry cloths, and shake them out the window frequently, or use slightly oiled or moistened cloths and wash them out when you have finished.

A Delicious Icing.

Put a cup of granulated sugar with a half cup of water, let it boil without stirring until it spins a heavy thread.

Beat very stiff the white of one egg and into it pour slowly the hot sugar. Let the sirup cool a little before putting it in the egg or it will cook it. Beat steadily until the icing is smooth and creamy.

Just before it is too cold to stir longer, add one ounce each of candied cherries, chopped citron, candied pineapple and blanched almonds.

Plain Frosting (Uncooked).

Break the whites of two eggs into a broad dish, add a small handful of powdered sugar and whip with a wire egg beater. A few minutes later add more sugar and keep beating until you have an icing of the desired thickness. Flavor to taste, spread on your cake and set it in a warm place to dry.

Fried Squash.

Not every housekeeper knows that summer squash is delicious fried as well as boiled. The vegetable should be very tender. Cut it into slices about half an inch thick, roll the pieces in flour which has been salted and peppered and fry them in butter or bacon fat.

Boston & Maine R.R.

IN EFFECT OCTOBER 5, 1908.

Trains leave Portsmouth for Newburyport, Salem, Lynn and Boston—*3.25, *6.25, †7.20, †8.20, *8.15, §10.00, †10.55 a. m., †1.30, *5.00, §6.25, †7.26 p. m.

Greenland—†7.20, §8.00 †8.15, †10.55 a. m., *5.00 p. m.

North Hampton, Hampton—*6.25, †7.20, §8.00, †8.15, §10.00, †10.55 a. m., *5.00 p. m.

North Berwick—†2.55, §10.50 a. m., †2.40 W †5.22 p. m.

Biddeford—†2.55, *10.50 a. m., †2.40, W†5.22 *8.50 p. m.

West Kennebunk, Saco—*9.55 a. m., †2.40 p. m.

Portland—*9.55, *10.50, a. m., †2.40, W†5.22, *8.50, *11.45 p. m.

Dover—*6.00, §8.25, †9.45, §10.55 a. m., †12.30, †2.12, *5.22, *8.52 p. m.

Somersworth, Rochester—†9.55 a. m., †2.40, †5.30 p. m.

Wolfboro, North Conway—†9.55 a. m., †2.40, A*5.30 p. m.

Lakeport, Laconia—†9.46 a. m., †2.42 p. m.

Greenland Village, Rockingham Junction, Epping, Raymond, Manchester, Concord—*8.30 a. m., †12.45, †5.25 p. m.

*Daily.

†Daily except Sunday.

§Sunday only.

A Wolfboro only.

W Via Dover and Western Division.

Detailed information and time tables may be obtained at ticket offices.

D. J. FLANDERS, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
C. M. BURT, Gen. Pass. Agt.

PORTSMOUTH ELECTRIC RY.

In effect Oct. 5, 1908. Subject to Change without Notice

Cars leave Market Square for Cable Road, only, *5.30 a. m., **6.45 a. m., †10.05 p. m.

For Rye Beach and Little Boar's Head, †7.05 a. m. then hourly until 4.05 p. m., including Saturdays, ††10.05 p. m.

For North Hampton, **6.15 a. m., 10.05, 11 a. m., 1.05, 9.05 p. m.

Leave Cable Road, *6.10 a. m., **7.25 a. m., **10.40 p. m.

Leave Little Boar's Head, **8.10 a. m. then hourly until 10.10 p. m., including Saturdays, 10.55 p. m.

Leave North Hampton, **9.30, 11.00 a. m., 12.50 m., *2.15, **7.45, 10.00 p. m.

Cars leave Market Square via Plains and Christian Shore Loops, *6.35, *7.05 a. m., then half hourly until *10.35 p. m. Saturdays, 11.05 p. m.

Sundays (Plains Loop) via Middle Street, 7.35 p. m.

Last Cars from Market Square each night run to Car Barn only.

*Omitted Sundays and Holidays.

**Omitted Sundays.

†Saturdays runs to Little Boar's Head.

††Theatre nights waits until close of performance.

For special rates and general information apply to F. P. Fosgate, Asst. Superintendent, Congress Block, Portsmouth, N. H. Telephone 33. C. M. BURT, G. P. A.

TIME TABLE

Atlantic Shore Line Ry.

SUMMER 1908

From Portsmouth Ferry leaves connecting with cars for

FOR Eliot and Dover—6.55, 7.55, 8.55 9.25 a. m., and every half hour until 7.55 p. m., then 8.55, 9.55 and *10.55 p. m.

*For Kennard's Corner only.

Sundays—First trip at 7.55 a. m.

For South Berwick—6.55, 7.55, 8. m., and every hour until 9.55 p. m.

Sundays—First trip at 7.55 a. m.

For Kittery and Kittery Point—6.25, 6.55 a. m., and every half hour until 10.55 p. m.

Sundays—First trip at 7.55 a. m.

For York Village, York Harbor and York Beach via Kittery and Kittery Point—6.25, 6.55, a. m., and every half hour until 9.25 p. m.

Sundays—First trip at 7.55 a. m.

For York Village, York Harbor and York Beach via Rosemary—6.55 a. m., and every hour until 9.55 p. m.

Sundays—First trip at 7.55 a. m.

For Ogunquit, Wells, Kennebunk and Town House 6.55 a. m., and every hour until 8.55 p. m.

Sundays—First trip at 7.55 a. m.

Half hour cars between Dover and Portsmouth and York Beach and Portsmouth are discontinued.

FROM DOVER

For Portsmouth—6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 9.30 a. m. then five and thirty minutes past the hour until 8.05 p. m., then 9.05 and 10.05 p. m.

Sundays—First trip at 8.05 a. m.

Note Cars leaving on the half hour run through without change.

Cars leaving five minutes past the hour make connections by changing at Rosemary Junction

FROM SOUTH BERWICK

LEAVE SALMON FALLS BRIDGE.

For Portsmouth—6.00 a. m., and every hour until 8.00 p. m.

Sundays—First trip at 8.00 a. m.

FROM YORK BEACH

For Portsmouth via Rosemary—6.30 a. m., and every hour until 9.30 p. m.

Sundays—First trip at 7.30 a. m.

For Portsmouth via P. K. & Y. Div.—5.35, 6.05, 6.35, 7.05, 7.35, a. m. then on the hour and thirty-five minutes past the hour until 9.35 p. m.

Sundays—First trip at 7.35, 8.05, 8.35, 9.00 a. m. and continuing same as week day schedule

FROM TOWN HOUSE.

For Portsmouth—5.30 a. m., and every hour until 8.30 p. m.

Sundays—First trip at 7.30 a. m.

For time tables or general information apply to A. D. Foster, Pass. Agt., Portsmouth, N. H. or E. B. Kirkgee, Mgr., Sanford, Maine.

PORTSMOUTH AND EXETER ST. RAILWAY

Cars leave Portsmouth for Exeter at 6.00 a. m., 7.30 a. m., 8.30 a. m., then 30 minutes past the even hour until 10.30 p. m.

Leave Exeter for Portsmouth at 6.45 a. m., 7.45 a. m., then every hour, 15 minutes past the odd hour until 9.15 p. m.

Extra car will leave Exeter on special theatre nights. oct 9c,3 tf

NAVY YARD FERRY TIME TABLE

Leaves Navy Yard—8.20, 8.40, 9.15, 10.00, 10.30, 11.15, 11.45 a. m.; 1.35, 2.15, 2.45, 4.00, 4.35, 5.00, *6.00, ||7.45 p. m. Sundays—10.00, 10.15 a. m.; 12.15, 12.35 p. m. Holidays—9.30, 10.30 11.30 a. m.

Leaves Portsmouth—8.30, 8.50, 9.30, 10.15, 11.00, 11.30, a. m.; 12.15, 1.45, 2.30, 3.30, 4.23, 4.15, 5.30, *6.10, ||10.00 p. m. Sundays—10.07 a. m.; 12.05, 12.25, 12.45 p. m. Holidays—10.00, 11.00, 12.00 a. m.

*May 15 to October 15.

||Wednesdays and Saturdays.

R. M. DOYLE, U. S. N.,
Captain of the Yard.

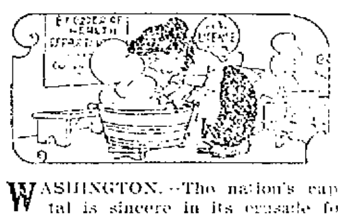
Approved: E. K. MOORE, U. S. N.
Commandant.

Thousands saw the Maine arrive at the yard on Monday.

ROUND THE CAPITAL

Information and Gossip Picked Up Here and There in Washington.

Virtue That Abides in Clean Linen



WASHINGTON.—The nation's capital is sincere in its crusade for cleanliness, and promises to prove herself a worthy example to the other cities of the land. The activities of Dr. W. C. Woodward the past week have centered in the effort to reform the laundry business of the city.

Every person who launders for pay the clothing, sheets, pillow cases, table cloths or similar articles belonging to any other person will be required to register with the health officer.

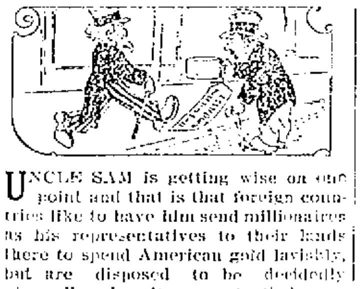
"What the health department desires," says Dr. Woodward, "is to bring under better control the many homes of the poorer classes in which washing is done for hire to supplement the scant wage of the head of the household. Too often these houses are in an uncleanly condition.

"And there is reason to believe that in many cases, especially in the summer season, when heating water for washing not only diminishes the profit of the operation, but also adds to the discomfort of the household, the water used is not properly heated, and clothing from various sources is passed successively through the same dirty water; and, moreover, that ironing, which, when efficiently done, is a reasonably safe disinfecting process, is not done in the manner best adapted to the accomplishment of that end.

"And finally, during rainy days in summer, and particularly during inclement weather during the winter season, clothing is hung up or spread about within the living rooms of the premises, often until foul odors which effectively permeate it, and occasionally on premises occupied in part by patients suffering from communicable diseases.

"While the most effective regulation of the business of laundering cannot be brought about until some system of licensing is established, as is proposed in the pending bill, yet it would seem that it may be possible to facilitate the inspection of places where laundering is done by requiring registration at the health office. If they be registered then they can be systematically inspected, at least from time to time, as lunchrooms and other similar places are now being inspected, instead of being visited only occasionally, in the course of the routine work of the department."

Envoys Notorious as "Tightwads"



UNCLE SAM is getting wise on one point and that is that foreign countries like to have him send millionaires as his representatives to their lands there to spend American gold lavishly, but are disposed to be decidedly niggardly when it comes to their representatives spending money in America.

Secretary Root is credited with being about to turn this situation to good account. Mr. Root resents the position of the foreign governments in requiring money qualification of an American ambassador.

Of course what ambassadors and ministers spend here on private enterprises for their governments cannot be reckoned. But their entertainments and general mode of living are an open page. The man who draws the biggest salary in Washington is James Bryce, who gets $50,000 annually and an additional $10,000 a year for contingent expenses. Mr. Bryce has one of the finest mansions which the capital can boast, completely furnished, with an extra fund to pay for any necessary repairs or new equipment. He has linen, silver and glass at the expense of the British exchequer, and even the liveries of his retainers come from the public fund.

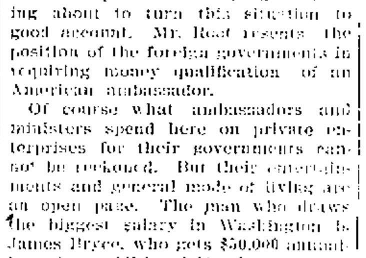
Yet with this vast sum at their disposal, few people live more unpretentiously than the British ambassador and Mrs. Bryce. Their social record during the last winter contained fewer events than any of the immediate predecessors. Mrs. Bryce gave about six small afternoon receptions during the season, when tea and small confections were served.

There were two large evening levees, when practically the whole of Washington's official and social world was entertained. About three formal and pretentious banquets were given by the British ambassador during the winter.

But little more can be placed to the credit of the French ambassador and Mme. Jusserand, second on the list of big salaries. M. Jusserand gets $12,500 a year, about $10,000 for extra expenses. The dean of the corps, the Italian ambassador, Baron Mayor Des Planches, is almost out of the social running.

In view of the loud lamentations about what a hard time American diplomats abroad have to make ends meet, it is said that Secretary Root and some legislators who are in his confidence will present the next complainants with a story of what good managers the diplomats who live in Washington have proved themselves.

Are Turning from Whisky to Beer



FROM the preliminary report of the commissioner of internal revenue it is apparent that the consumption of whisky and other ardent spirits is on the decrease and that the consumption of beer is increasing. During the fiscal year which ended on June 30, last, $131,785,242 was paid to the government as revenue on whisky and other spirituous liquors. For the year previous $147,550,221 was paid, a loss in revenue of $15,767,038. There was distilled during the year which ended June 30, last, 115,808,402 gallons of distilled spirits, a decrease over the previous year of 14,883,672 gallons.

During the past year 58,747,650 barrels of beer, ale, etc., were made, a gain of 201,569 over the preceding year. On this beer, ale, etc., the government received as revenue the sum of $58,747,680, a gain of $201,569.

The receipts from all sources of internal revenue for the year aggregated $251,665,950, being a decrease of $17,998,072 from the receipts for the fiscal year which ended June 30, 1907.

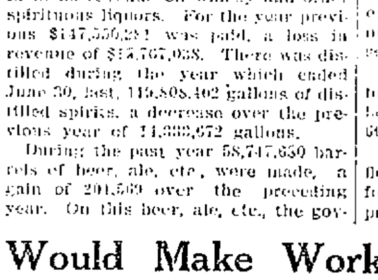
Tobacco of all sorts yielded a revenue of $49,862,754, a loss of $1,948,315, the figures of the year which ended June 30, 1907, being $51,811,069. This year cigars contributed a total sum of $20,714,276; little cigars, $545,050, and cigarettes, $4,879,316, and tobacco of other kinds, including chewing and smoking, $21,846,563.

Oleomargarine paid revenue to the extent of $551,304, a gain of $35,812 over the previous year. This represents 79,107,302 pounds consumed.

Renovated butter was a close second to oleomargarine, 50,249,798 pounds being manufactured, upon which $125,601 revenue was paid.

Filled cheese paid $1,271; mixed flour, $2,380. Playing cards were taxed for $549,819, a loss of $112,994 for the preceding year.

Would Make Work of Mining Safe



THE great number of mine accidents and the appalling loss of life therefrom has prompted the United States government to invite Great Britain, Germany and Belgium to send their leading experts in such matters to this country to co-operate with the efforts now being made through the United States geological survey to establish an experimental station at Pittsburg and to inaugurate the work there of testing explosives used in coal mining. Congress at its last session appropriated $150,000 for this purpose, and this sum has been turned over to the survey.

It is said that abroad mine explosives are tested, and those which are deemed standard for the purpose of mining are labeled "permissible." There is no such condition here, nor has the geological survey the right to impose it. It may, however, endeavor to ascertain the facts by investigation, and then set them forth for the benefit of mine operators and for the information of state legislators.

Last year 3,200 men were killed in the mines and the year before 2,061. The rate for 1906 was 3.31 for every thousand men employed, while for 1907 it was still greater. In four mines alone nearly 500 men were killed since last December—356 in the disaster at Monongah, W. Va., said to be the most appalling, so far as the loss of life is concerned, in the history of mining; 25 more in the disaster at the Parr mine, in Pennsylvania; 72 in the Naomi mine, in Pennsylvania, and 61 in the Yolande mine, in Alabama.

The experts who will come to this country are Capt. Desborough, inspector of explosives under the home office, Great Britain; Herr Meissner, chief of the German mine service, and Victor Watteyne, engineer-in-chief, administration of mines, Belgium.

Rats—A National Pest.

Rats cost the United States nearly $56,000,000 annually, according to the biological survey of the department of agriculture. At this amount the government scientists estimate the damage done by the rodents and after exhaustive experiments it has been determined that the pests cannot be exterminated. All that science can hope to do is to hold them within bounds and to do this nothing more satisfactory has been discovered than the old-fashioned rat trap, says Technical Magazine. Inoculation and all other methods, it has been established to the satisfaction of the scientists who have studied the situation, are not equal to the trap in the work of destruction. The amount of damages given by Dr. C. Hart Merriam, chief of the survey, is conservative and doubtless below the figures. While he estimates that $1,000,000 of the fire loss of the country is traceable to rats, the underwriters place it at 15 times that sum, of which $1,000,000 is due to the gnawing away of insulation on electric wires. Special attention has been given by the government investigators to conditions in Washington. The whole underworld of the capital city, Dr. Merriam says, is populated with rats—millions of them. Washington loses each year from rats, aside from the fires for which they are responsible, $200,000 in damage done in markets, shops and department stores. Some of these places employ professional rat catchers, with ferrets and small dogs, but this method, Dr. Merriam finds, is unsatisfactory, since few rats are killed and the expense is great.

Airships in War.

That airships are likely to play an important part in war is an increasing belief among military men. Most of the great foreign powers in planning for the future make provision for the use of flying machines, and in some cases aeronautics are given much prominence. American army officers appear to be coming to the same way of thinking. The board of ordnance of the war department at Washington is so seriously impressed that strong recommendations will be made, and it is expected that the suggestions will be embodied in the annual report of the secretary. The officers of the signal corps are said to be in full accord with these ideas and have expressed themselves to the effect that the country could well afford to invest $10,000,000 in air craft to be available for national defense. The type of vessel favored by the officers is the dirigible balloon, as it is said they are convinced that the "heavier than air" sort are impracticable. The board of ordnance, it is given out, will propose an immediate expenditure of $1,000,000 for flying machines to be available for coast defense, and congress will be asked to make the necessary appropriation.

A St. Louis judge has refused to enjoin a laundry combination on the principle that white washerwomen continue to exist a monopoly in laundry work is impossible. Nevertheless, on the principles of equity, is not the public entitled to an injunction against the irreparable injury of saw-edges on its collars?

Fewer New Yorkers own their own homes than the residents of any other city in the world. The reason is a simple one: the land is so valuable that none but the very wealthy can afford its purchase. Of the 391,687 families living on Manhattan island only 15,416 hold title to the houses they occupy.

Final Test.

Spongem—"I say, old man, in case I should die suddenly, will you make sure that I am really dead before they bury me?" Knox—"Yes; you may depend on me. I'll ask you to have a drink, and if you don't sit up and take notice, I'll tell the undertaker to go ahead and plant you."

Sacrificed Life for Horse.

It was testified at an inquest at Bryn (Wales) on a young man named Owen Richards, who was killed by a fall of rock at a local colliery, that he had liberated in a horse, which was attached to a tram, and in doing so delayed his own escape and was killed.

International Marriages.

International marriages may prove excellent in this respect. The offspring may, it is admitted, the physical qualities of both nations. But morally and intellectually it is doubtful whether such marriages are a success.—Gazette Medica, Milan.

Aged Eggs.

Judging by the number of foreign eggs sold, the British public is not so punctilious in the matter of freshness as is supposed. Many of the "new" eggs sold are, it is stated, a year old when they are eaten.—Grocers' Journal.

Optimism Spells Success.

Nothing will so surely paralyze the energies of the mind and body as a doubt, a fear, or a mental attitude. No great creative work can be done by a man who is not an optimist.—Success.

Judge Taft's Work For Christianity.

Judge Taft's address at the dedication of a new Y. M. C. A. building in St. Paul Sept. 27, in which he modestly referred to his efforts in behalf of Christian institutions in the Philippine Islands, serves as a reminder that the whole record of his public career contains no chapter more creditable to himself or more honorable to the American government than that devoted to his treatment of church and religious interests in the orient. It is an inspiring story of achieved results which have immensely increased Christian influences and promoted Christian civilization in remote territory, where their progress had formerly been insecure.

The withdrawal of Spanish authority from the Philippines immediately confronted the United States with a problem which it had never faced before. In other words, it was called upon to devise a form of territorial administration in which there should be an absolute separation of church and state, with effective safeguards for the interests of both. Under Spanish authority the civil and the clerical authorities were united, and to separate them, define their rights and functions and yet enlist their cordial support for a new administrative system which should be entirely nonsecular in character was the task immediately confronting the American government.

This difficult undertaking was intrusted to Judge Taft, and the success with which he discharged it discloses at their best his tact, his integrity, his high sense of justice and his unerring skill in constructive statesmanship. It would have been one thing to declare by a mere executive order that there should be an absolute separation of the civil from the religious authority in the insular government, but it was quite another thing to make the separation effective and establish it upon conditions accepted and cordially supported by all the divergent interests involved. But that is precisely what Judge Taft accomplished, and in doing it he had to deal with questions of property rights, taxation, sectarian interests and civil administration which no other American executive ever had to determine.

The result of Judge Taft's constructive enterprise is that the Philippines now enjoy a government which fully complies with the constitutional requirement that the church and the state should be separate. All interests, civil and religious alike, earnestly support the new order of things. Civil and religious liberty prevails throughout the archipelago. All religious denominations are working harmoniously for the promotion of Christian civilization, education is advancing in every province, and the moral, mental and material condition of the islands is more flourishing than ever before.

History will describe William Howard Taft as the greatest missionary of American influence and Christian institutions in the far east. His example, his methods and the plain record of his beneficent achievements distinguish him as the interpreter and builder of civil and religious liberty in the orient.

Wanted to Hear Old Bryan Speeches.

An enthusiastic supporter of Bryan owns a phonograph. Recently he ordered some records containing late speeches of the peerless leader, and when they arrived he invited in a Republican neighbor to listen to them. However, what the Bryan supporter intended to be fun at the Republican's expense turned out the reverse, for the Republican at once began to call for free silver speeches and free trade speeches and government ownership speeches and all kinds of Bryan speeches of a few years ago which are no longer "canned," being considered not fit for use this year. The Bryan man finally became exasperated and set the machine away.

The Wilson-Gorman tariff act, which Mr. Bryan helped to prepare and carry through congress and which President Cleveland denounced as "a creature of perfidy and dishonor," closed American factories, lowered American wages, brought the people to hunger and want and caused a deficit in the treasury. Mr. Bryan is today urging further tariff legislation of the same character. If the people prefer paralysis to prosperity, he is their man.

Mr. Bryan declares that "the United States senate is a place where every predatory corporation has found a bulwark." Mr. Bryan has not liked the senate very well since he failed to get there in 1901 by the use of the $20,000 donated by Thomas Fortune Ryan to carry the Nebraska legislature for Bryan.

Mr. Bryan was also going to "drive from the party" in the same manner as he threatens Haskell one Roger Sullivan of Illinois. At last accounts Mr. Sullivan was still in the party and seemingly on excellent terms with the candidate.

"Fearless in relentless warring against evil wherever it may be found" is a description that makes Mr. Taft the ideal champion of uprightness in American politics.

Bryan's Political Bedfellows.

Charley Murphy, the New York Tammany boss, whose chief occupation is to get jobs at the public expense for the army of Tammany heelers, who see that the Democratic ticket is voted early and often by hired tramps and repeaters, and "Fingy" Conners, the New York Democratic state boss, whose saloon with its water rat surroundings was recently pictured in Collier's Weekly, are the authors of a New York Democratic platform telling how the national government ought to be run. They say:

"We demand that the public expenditures shall be so safeguarded that sinecure shall be abolished, that economy shall be practiced in every public department and that the business of the people be transacted on the lines on which successful private enterprises are conducted."

When it is recalled that, according to a recent report of the New York Civil Service Reform association, the New York city departments, which are mere annexes of the Tammany tiger's lair, are stuffed full of sinecurists; that men are appointed to positions requiring a high degree of technical knowledge and training whose only qualification is that of the divekeeper and street loafer; that if an employee in a city department shows a real desire to work, thereby embarrassing the others who don't work, he is hazed and annoyed until he finds conditions intolerable; considering that, notwithstanding the marvelous growth of the city and increase in taxable property, its credit has been so impaired by reckless and criminal waste that its obligations have to pay a higher rate of interest than those of many smaller cities and towns; considering that from the days of Democratic Boss Tweed to Democratic Boss Murphy the misgovernment of New York city has been a byword and reproach in all parts of the world, it certainly indicates the gall of a rhinoceros for the Democratic bosses who stand for all this and the Democracy that stands for it to tell the national government how its business should be run.

Happily there is not the slightest cause for fearing that Murphy and Conners, by grace of their friend and political bedfellow, will get their hooks into the national departments at Washington and turn those hives of intelligent industry into dope joints for Tammany sinecurists. The patent proof which Bryan has given that he is hand and glove with Tammany's corrupt regime ought to be and will be accepted by honorable men of all parties throughout the United States as a warning of what Bryan's success would mean in disaster to national honor and credit and the cause of decent and efficient government. It will give fresh incentive to every American interested in maintaining the integrity of American institutions and in having the affairs of the nation honestly administered by officials who do the work they are paid to perform, to aid in the election of Taft and Sherman and in the exclusion of Tammany's foul brood from repeating in Washington the unparalleled infamies they have inflicted on prostrate New York.

Watterson a True Prophet.

Colonel Henry Watterson, after a careful survey of the situation, said in 1896:

"The American people will never consent to substitute the republic of Washington, of Jefferson, of Jackson, for the republic of an Altgold, a Tillman or a Bryan."

Colonel Watterson was a true prophet. He knew the impulse and desire of the people, and his judgment was completely vindicated by the verdict of two consecutive campaigns for the presidency. The people held fast to the ideals of Washington, Jefferson and Jackson. They spurned the base political standards of Altgeld, Tillman and Bryan and elected to the presidency a worthy successor to the men of heroic stature who had steadfastly upheld the dignity and discharged the duties of that great office.

Colonel Watterson's prophecy will hold good this year, as it did in 1896 and 1900. Bryan has not changed. The national conscience has not changed. The people have not changed. The ethical principles and the party policies at issue in 1896 are at stake in the present campaign. Bryan stands for the same violent influences, the same ruinous policies, the same discreditable purposes, that he represented twelve years ago. His candidacy is a challenge and an affront to the conservative, constructive forces of our common citizenship and will be rebuked as indignantly as it was in his former campaigns.

The Watterson prophecy was not cast for 1896 or 1900 alone, but for all time and all Bryans. It was inspired by a profound belief in the patriotism and rectitude of the people. To doubt that it will be fulfilled this year as completely as it was twice before would be questioning the genuineness of Colonel Watterson's gifts as a prophet and assuming that the people have turned traitors to themselves.

The new play, "The Fighting Hope," is not a dramatization of the Democratic campaign.

TUTTI FRUTTI PROPERLY MADE.

Proportions of Sugar to Fruit Is of Much Importance.

Put a pint of French brandy into a three-gallon stone jar. Begin with stewed strawberries, unsweetened, or if sweetened about two pounds instead of four pounds of sugar. Stir lightly with a wooden spoon or wire egg-beater, taking care not to mash the fruit. After the strawberries, add the various light colored fruits as they appear in market, allowing a pound of sugar to each pound of fruit until the jar is half filled, after which three-quarters of a pound of sugar to each pound of fruit is the rule. Among the fruits that are best to add are a quart each of red and white cherries, one large pineapple, three or four oranges, sliced; one pint large currants, a quart red raspberries, then plums, pears, peaches, apricots, yellow plums and red bananas, until the jar is filled. White grapes also make an approved addition.

Leave the berries whole, seed the grapes, shred the pineapple, pit the cherries and plums and have pared the apricots, pears and peaches, cut into halves or quarters. Bananas should be sliced thin.

Keep well covered and in a cool place. A good plan is to cut out a circle of white paper the size of the jar, dip in pure glycerin or olive oil and place over the fruit. It can be removed temporarily when fresh fruit is added.

RECIPE FOR SIMNEL CAKE.

Modern Rearrangement of This Popular Confection.

The modern rearrangement of the old time simnel is as follows: Bake as a foundation a fair-sized round pound or Madeira cake, flavoring with essence of almond and coloring a rich yellow by the liquid extracted from a little saffron dropped in boiling water and squeezed through a piece of cheesecloth. When the cake is perfectly cold build a wall of frosting on top of the cake around the edge, leaving a good-sized hole in the center for the candied fruit. To make the frosting, blanch a half pound of fine almonds (preferably the Jordan) and pound to a paste in a mortar, moistening with a tablespoonful of orange flower water. Add to the almonds the whites of two eggs and confectioner's sugar to make a stiff frosting that will stand of itself. Having built the wall on the cake, place in a slow oven until the almonds have dried thoroughly, like almond macaroons. When the cake is cold again, fill the well in the center with a mixture of candied fruit, plums, pears, orange slices, cherries or strawberries, interspersed with blanched whole almonds. Almonds already pounded to a paste can now be obtained from any first-class grocer.

Why Cakes Fall.

Because inferior ingredients are used, such as rancid butter, inferior sugar, damp flour and doubtful eggs.

Because either the butter is insufficiently beaten with the sugar or rubbed into the flour, or the eggs are not beaten enough.

Because the milk ... even after the flour is added ... that should be done last.

The management of the oven is not understood and the cakes are either too dark or too pale.

Because the cakes are not carefully tested to make sure that they are cooked.

The cakes are either left in the tin or put flat on the table to cool; whereas they should be placed on a sieve or tilted up against something, so that the steam can easily escape.

Raspberry Roly Poly.

Mix together one pint of sifted flour, one-half of a teaspoonful of salt, one tablespoonful of sugar and one teaspoonful of baking powder, and rub in two tablespoonfuls of butter. Mix with sufficient sweet milk to make a soft dough, turn out on a floured board, work with the hands for a moment, then roll out in a sheet one-half of an inch thick. Spread thickly with black or red raspberries, sprinkle with a spoonful or two of sugar and roll up like a jelly roll, pinching the ends to keep in the juice. Lay on a greased pie plate and steam for half an hour, then place in a hot oven for ten minutes to dry off the crust. Serve with cream or hard sauce.

Chow-Chow.

One peck green tomatoes and six large onions sliced and let stand over night in water in which one-half cup salt has been dissolved. Drain. Then boil in one quart of vinegar and one quart of water for 15 minutes and drain. Add one large head of cabbage sliced fine and one green pepper, two pounds brown sugar, two tablespoons all kinds of spices, one teaspoon mustard, one quarter teaspoon pepper. Cover with vinegar and boil three hours. This will keep in open jar all winter and is real nice.

Spiced Currants.

For every quart of fruit allow three pounds of sugar, one pint of vinegar one tablespoonful of ground cloves, one tablespoonful of allspice and one tablespoonful of cinnamon. Stem and look over the fruit. Dissolve the sugar in the vinegar; add the fruit and spices, and boil gently for two and one-half hours.

Chestnut Fowl Stuffing.

Shell one quart chestnuts, put in hot water until skins are softened, drain off water, and remove skins; press them, a few at a time, through a colander and season with salt and pepper. Add parsley and bread crumbs and season with stock from boiled giblets.

THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD

AGENTS FOR HERALD

Rockingham Hotel, State St.
Moses Bros., Congress St.
B. M. Tilton, Market St.
News Stand, B. & M. station.
S. A. Preble, South St.
G. A. Norton, Greenland.
W. C. Hildreth, York Beach, Me.
J. L. Holland, York Village, Me.
H. M. Curtis, New Castle.
Batchelder's News Stand, Exeter
Wentworth House, New Castle.
W. C. Walker, Rye.
Fred Abrams, Kittery, Me.
Walker's Variety Store, Kittery, Me.
J. H. Macy, Kittery, Me.
Austin Googins, Kittery, Me.
Fred H. Marden, Kittery Point, Me.
Arthur Seawards, Kittery Point, Me.
W. F. Cousins, Ogunquit, Me.
H. C. Moulton, Wells Corner, Me.

MINIATURE ALMANAC

OCTOBER 20.

SUN RISES	6:03	MOON RISES	01:09 A. M.
SUN SETS	4:55	HIGH WATER	07:45 A. M.
LENGTH OF DAY	10:52		08:15 P. M.

New Moon, Oct. 24th, 1h. 47m. morning, E.
First Quarter, Nov. 1st, 9h. 16m., morning, E.
Full Moon, Nov. 8th, 2h. 58m., morning, W.
Last Quarter, Nov. 15th, 6h. 41m., evening, E.

THE WEATHER

A north wind has blown the city clear of smoke and lowered the temperature.

At two o'clock the mercury recorded sixty-one degrees of heat.

There is a small rainstorm central over Iowa and northern Missouri, but it is doubtful if it reaches the Atlantic seaboard.

There has been only one-fifth the normal amount of rain since August.

CITY BRIEFS

The finest Indian summer in five years.

Osgood Lodge, I. O. O. F. Fair, Nov. 10, 11, 12.

Have your shoes repaired at John Mott's, 34 Congress street.

Portsmouth has the largest number of cases for the superior court in four years.

The flags on the government building look as if they had been through the war.

The north wind cleared the smoke away from the city and people breathe more freely.

Season tickets 50 cents, for the I. O. O. F. Fair at Freeman's Hall. Up-to-date entertainment.

The contractors on the additional cell work at the naval prison are preparing to begin the same.

The Portsmouth board of health never had such business to act on as at present for many years.

The falling leaves have revealed a robin's nest in one of the elms alongside the North church on Pleasant street.

Never can tell when you'll mash a finger or suffer a cut, bruise, burn or scald. Be prepared. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil instantly relieves the pain, quickly cures the wound.

The action of the Maine Central railroad stockholders depends in a great measure regarding the rumored changes on the Boston and Maine under the new board of directors.

The sailors of the Maine will get general shore liberty from now on. About seventy were discharged on Monday and many more will be discharged daily.

When congratulating yourself and the city over the presence of the battleship Maine at Portsmouth yard, please remember that the Herald gave the news of her being ordered here a whole day ahead of any other Portsmouth paper.

HOXIE DIVORCE GRANTED

Alimony Fixed by Judge Pike at Three Hundred Dollars

Mrs. Abbie T. Hoxie was granted a divorce from Joseph E. Hoxie this morning in the superior court.

The divorce was granted on the charge of cruelty and the accusation against another woman was withdrawn.

Alimony was fixed at $300.

PARISH RECEPTION

The Church and Parish of the Middle Street Baptist Society will give a reception to their new pastor and wife, Rev. and Mrs. William P. Stanley in the Chapel on State street, Wednesday evening, Oct. 21 at 8 o'clock.

Most disfiguring skin eruptions, scrofula, pimples, rashes, etc., are due to impure blood. Burdock Blood Bitters is a cleansing blood tonic. Makes you clear-eyed, clear-brained, clear-skinned.

THE TEXT OF TWO BARTLETT LETTERS

Written Against F. W. Hartford in the Navy Yard

The Herald stated some few days ago that it would print some of the letters written by J. H. Bartlett in connection with charges made, and true to its promise it herewith presents two addressed to the commandant of the navy yard.

From the tone of these letters it would appear that they were confidential appeals.

The letters speak for themselves and there is certainly a pathetic note that will appeal strongly to those reading them.

Law Offices
Page & Bartlett,
Exchange Building
Portsmouth, N. H.,
September 21, 1908.

Rear Admiral E. K. Moore,
Commandant of the Navy Yard,
Portsmouth, N. H.

My Dear Mr. Moore:—

I took the enclosed from the Boston Herald this morning. I presume it is not authorized, and yet it is written by R. D. McDonough who is employed by F. W. Hartford on the Portsmouth Chronicle and the Herald, and Mr. Hartford is an employee on the navy yard under civil service, and, contrary to civil service rules, as I understand them, is publishing a political and very partisan paper. He also takes part with this paper in all bitter political fights and, with this paper, is constantly against me and my interests here in Portsmouth. I have felt that in self-protection I should say something to you.

Only a day or two ago at the Sulloway congressional convention in Manchester, which was a very enthusiastic convention and at which I made an extended nomination speech, saying a good deal in commendation of this navy yard and our congressmen, Mr. Hartford in his paper gave me a public slap and, incidentally, Mr. Sulloway and the old veterans, by refusing to make any mention at all of my name, or of the speech. This is only in line with what he is constantly doing with the paper. I cannot believe that you would approve of that, if you knew it, or that you would put our esteemed President and his administration in the position of allowing the navy to be in politics to any extent. I for one object to his publishing a partisan and factional newspaper with which to abuse me as long as he is employed on the navy yard, if there is any redress.

Yours very truly,
(Signed) JOHN H. BARTLETT.

Law Offices
Page & Bartlett,
Exchange Building
Portsmouth, N. H.,
October 2, 1908.

My Dear Sir:—

Will you kindly inform me as to any ruling, or reply in the Hartford case.

Would it not be proper that our people should see his answer if he has any.

Every day brings forth an issue of his paper with all the party candidates and strong partisan editorials.

This will certainly make a political scandal if it is not attended to. It has become very notorious.

He leaves his office in office hours to run this political paper.

I have great respect for your management of the yard and I know you do not uphold this in him from your conduct in other cases.

Yours sincerely,
(Signed) JOHN H. BARTLETT.

GET BUSY NOW

Portsmouth Must do Her Best on the Visit of the Grange Here in December

The time is growing shorter every day for the committee which is at work on the coming convention of the Grange in this city.

Not much has been heard from the men who are in charge since they were appointed but everybody hopes they are working hard to meet the occasion when nearly 1000 members of the organization will be in our city for almost a week. The most of the trouble will be to feed the visitors and also to provide rooms for them. In this matter it is up to Portsmouth to make good in order that the famous old city can bring this convention here again.

If she handles the first gathering in an able manner she will get the Grange for the second time and perhaps the third. If she falls on her accommodations it will be the first and last gathering of the Grange in many years in this city.

Pyrography Days

Are with us once more. These cool days and long evenings are ideal for the practice of this fascinating art. You should look foward a bit to

The Christmas Season

when you can make use of many an artistic and useful article, costing but a trifle to make, as gifts to your friends.
Our large stock of

Bass-Wood Goods

is ready for your inspection. You will find good goods, and the prices ruling lower than ever.

MONTGOMERY'S
6 Pleasant Street Opp. Postoffice

BEEN MARRIED FIFTY-FOUR YEARS

Eben Brackett and Wife Are Quietly Celebrating

Deacon and Mrs. Brackett Receive Congratulations At Home on Union Street

Mr. and Mrs. Eben Brackett of Union street, two of Portsmouth's old residents, are today quietly celebrating the 54th anniversary of their marriage.

There received many callers during the day, who dropped in to extend congratulations and to recall the past in which the aged couple have figured in happiness.

Mr. and Mrs. Brackett were married at Stratham on Oct. 20, 1854, and came to live shortly after in this city, where Mr. Brackett entered the employ of the government and for fourteen years was in charge of the painters crew of the yards and docks department.

He has served nine years as an assessor, six years as assistant chief engineer of the fire department, three years as a selectman.

For forty years he has acted as deacon of the Pearl street Baptist church, which he helped to build and where he has been one of the most ardent workers in all that went to advance this house of worship.

Mrs. Brackett was Miss Wealthy Prior of Kittery and Mr. Brackett is a native of Newmarket.

AT THE NAVY YARD

Work was started today on the foundation for the new 101-ton shears.

Rear Admiral Moore gives a dinner this evening to the Captain of the different ships at the yard.

Judge L. G. Hoyt was a visitor aboard the Maine today.

New shafts have been ordered for the Paducah and Marietta.

The captain of the yard, C. T. Booch, reported today.

J. E. Whalley, clerk at Bath, Me., was a visitor at the yard today.

None of the crew of the Maine have had much shore liberty since the arrival of ship.

The largest requisition made from the general store at the navy yard for many years has been made by the U. S. S. Maine. The order includes two and one half tons of soap, two tons of waste and 300 gallons of oil. Everything on the list in proportion.

Capt. Joseph N. Jones, who has been reported on alleged political activity, was heard again today regarding the case which has been in the hands of the navy department for the past two weeks.

Master shipfitter Thomas P. Connors, who was injured recently, will resume his duties on Monday next.

PERSONALS

F. W. Marshall of Dover is a Portsmouth visitor today.

Mrs. John Hall, of the Isles of Shoals is visiting in Newburyport.

Mrs. M. H. Pease and Mrs. W. H. Parker are passing the day in Boston.

James E. Whalley of the Bath Iron Works is passing a few days in town.

Frank Connell and John Walsh have returned from a visit to New York.

Miss Nettie Hayes of this city spent Sunday with friends in Newfields.

Rev. George W. Farmer speaks at the revival services in the Methodist church tonight.

Lieut. and Mrs. W. E. Whitehead of the battleship Maine are staying at the Kearsarge Hotel.

Lewis Pendleton of Mulberry street returned home on Saturday from visiting relatives in Manchester.

Mrs. Emily Niles of New Castle sailed today from Boston for Europe, where she will pass the winter.

Rev. E. H. Macy of Kittery will speak at the young people's meeting in the Baptist church this evening.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Ham, who have been pjassing a week with relatives here, returned to Boston today.

Miss Florence B. Hill, who has been passing the summer with her parents in this city, returned to Concord today.

F. S. Stevens and Thomas F. Phair of Presque Isle, Me., two of the Aroostook county starch magnates, were at the Kearsarge Hotel over night.

Gustave Frohman, the well known Rye Beach summer resident, received cordial greetings from many Portsmouth acquaintances today. He came to town as the manager of the Marie Doro troupe which produces "The Richest Girl" tonight at Music Hall.

POLICE COURT

Two drunks and one for cruelty to animals were heard before Judge Simes in police court today.

Edson J. Noyes from over the Massachusetts line paid 3.00 and costs 6.00.

James Moriarty, another stranger was released and his case placed on file.

Cyrus F. Roberts on complaint of a neighbor was charged with horsewhipping a dog. He conducted his own case and pleaded not guilty.

The court ordered him to pay the costs of court, $8.75.

Marie Doro in "The Richest Girl" will be the big attraction at Music Hall this evening.

Do You Wish To Own A Piano?

Then Watch for our annoucement in this paper Friday evening.

FRED W. PEABODY
77 CONGRESS ST. PORTSMOUTH N. H.

JOS. M. HASSET M'G.
TEL. 324-5 OPEN EVENINGS.

THE ATTACHMENT DOES NOT HOLD

Supreme Court on De Rochement Versus Railroad

The New Hampshire Supreme Court has handed down a unanimous decree, discharging the case of De Rochemont vs. Railroad.

The suit was brought by Miss Hetty W. Rochemont of Newington, for the loss of a trunk.

This action was begun by attaching a car belonging to the defendants, the New York Central and Hudson River railroad. They neither own nor operate a road in this state nor have a piece of business here, but they have a contract with the Boston & Maine railroad by which each of the parties send their cars over the other's road and each pays the other for the use of a car from the time they receive it until they return it and have a right to load it on the return journey provided it is routed towards the point at which it was received. The car in question was loaded in New York for Greenland, N. H., was unloaded as soon as it arrived at Greenland, but was attached before the Boston & Maine had time to return it to the defendants.

The defendants appeared specially and moved to dismiss (1) because of their contract with the Boston & Maine railroad and (2) because the car was used in interstate business. The validity of the attachment was transferred to Pike J.

Samuel W. Emery, Jr., for the plaintiff.

John W. Kelley for the defendants.

Add your name to the Herald readers list.

If you have your winter's coal in, you're happy.

If you haven't "coaled up" perhaps you're worried.

How about it? Laid in your winter's supply.

Haden't you better give us your order? We'll treat you right. We are in business to stay.

'Phone 264.
C. E. WALKER & CO.
Cor. State & Water Sts.

Houses Piped for Gas at Cost

We make the following offer for concealed work, all pipes to be placed in the walls

We will run the line from the street main to the house, set the meter, furnish all pipe and labor for piping the parlor, sitting room, dining room and hall or kitchen, also one 3 lt. Chandelier, two 2 lt. Chandeliers and one hall or kitchen fixture. Chandeliers hung and work completed for $16.00

Anything larger than a 4 opening job we will gladly furnish special figures on. Phone our office and we will send a man to make estimate on your house.

Portsmouth Gas Co.,
13 Congress St.

James W. Scott
SANITARY PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING
JOBBING A SPECIALTY
6 Penhallow St., Portsmouth, N. H.

OUR $5.00 SCHOOL SUITS.

These Suits are made from selected and tested materials, choice weaves of wear resisting fabrics.

The garments are cut with lots of style and character.

All seams are double sewed with silk and every weak spot is reinforced.

THEY ARE THE FAMOUS WIDOW JONES MAKE.

For Boys 8 to 17 years.....
$5.00.

F. W. LYDSTON & CO.

Strictly Fresh Eggs
From Eliot, Kittery and York.
FULL LINE OF TEA!
38c Coffee 29c Pound.
C. A. TOWLE,
40 CONGRESS STREET
TRY A CUP OF HOT COFFEE, SERVED FREE EVERY SATURDAY

GET YOUR LETTER BOXES
AT
A. P. Wendell & Co's,
2 MARKET SQUARE.

3,600,000 tons less of coal produced up to Oct. 1st than last year.

This means that an immense amount of coal must be produced and moved this winter. It behooves everybody to get in a good supply of coal during the fall months, that congestion may not occur later.

GRAY & PRIME,
TELEPHONE 23. 111 MARKET STREET.

Established 1863 Telephone
A MONEY SAVING TRIUMPH
Storm Windows
Combine Economy and Comfort
ARTHUR M. CLARK
WALTER COSTELLO Glazier 17-21 Daniel Street

COMMERCIAL CLUB
WHISKEY
A Pure Beverage Especially Adapted for Sicknes
ALL FIRST-CLASS DEALERS KEEP IT.
BOTTLED BY EUGENE LYNCH, BOSTON, MASS.
THOMAS LOUGHLIN AGENT FOR PORTSMOUTH ISLINGTON ST.